

**ASSOCIATION OF
AUTHORISING
BODIES**



RULES & REGULATIONS

2026 EDITION

CLASS 6



"The Association reserve the right to alter/amend the Rule Book as required, and that the Association has the right to review and amend any Class or Construction Rules at the end of each racing year."

**VALID FROM JANUARY 2026
UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE**

ALL PREVIOUS EDITIONS ARE INVALID

NEW REGULATIONS ARE MARKED #

IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DRIVER/CONSTRUCTOR TO ENSURE THAT ALL VEHICLES CONFORM FULLY TO THE REGULATIONS AND RULES CONTAINED WITHIN THIS RULEBOOK.

**IF THE REGULATIONS AND RULES DO NOT STATE THAT "YOU CAN DO IT"
THEN IT MUST BE PRESUMED THAT IT CANNOT BE DONE.**

CLASS 6

**FOR GENERAL BASIC CONSTRUCTION RULES (i.e., Basic requirements for all class of saloon vehicle).
SEE SEPARATE RULE BOOK –SALOONS – GENERAL.**

CLASS 6

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CLASS SPECIFICATION - CLASS 6.

Must be a front engined front wheel drive saloon, sports saloon, or specified dual-purpose vehicle.

See Rule 2.1 for Permitted & Non-Permitted vehicle information.

a). **STATEMENT of CONFORMITY.**

Only methods of construction and modifications as listed are permitted. Any further modifications, other than those permitted, are prohibited. Any modifications other than those listed within the Vehicle Construction Rules are specifically excluded.

i.e., If the regulations and rules do not state that “you can do it” then it must be presumed that it cannot be done.

b). A suitable Front Wheel Drive (FWD) saloon (including permitted three and/or five door “Hatchback” saloons, permitted 2 door saloons, permitted 2 Door Coupe and dual-purpose vehicle), produced and marketed by a NASA recognised automobile manufacturer, may be taken in its entirety, and modified.

Note

If a competitor has any doubt as to the eligibility and or suitability of a proposed vehicle for Class 6 Autograss racing a NASA Scrutineer must be contacted before commencing a build of such vehicle to enable permission for use to be given or declined.

c) The vehicle Roll Cage must comply with the Roll Cage Construction Rules as shown in the Saloons General rules.

Note: The Roll Cage requirements for any existing 2025, pre-2025 vehicles also, 2026 & 2027 in build vehicle as of 1st February 2026 & 1st February 2027 differ from the 2025 and pre-2025 requirements in that additional bars are required. See Saloon General roll cage rules and Protection Section and advance notice drawings in Drawings Section of this rule book.

1 ENGINE / TRANSMISSION

1.1 Permitted Engine.

A single engine must be used (See definitions).

The engine may be normally aspirated or fitted with forced induction, including Turbochargers, and/or Superchargers.

The original engine manufacturer's engine identification numbers must remain and be legible.

Minimum cubic capacity – Free

Maximum cubic capacity – Free

Prohibited Engines.

Engines to Class 1, 2, 4 and 5 specifications.

“Motorcycle or Motorbike type” engine.

“Motorbike/cycle conjoined” engine e.g., “RPE” or “Powertec” or similar V4, V6 or V8.

Note

The list of prohibited engines is not fixed.

It is the Competitors and/or race vehicle constructor's responsibility to contact a Scrutineer to confirm that the engine chosen is eligible before using it in the vehicle.

NASA reserves the right via an appointed Official and or Scrutineer to permit, reject and or prohibit an engine as being suitable or unsuitable for Class 6 Autograss racing at any time.

Engine & Transmission – Materials.

The engine materials and gearbox/transmission materials - Free.

Engine Modification.

Free.

Forced Induction

The use of “Forced Induction” i.e., the fitting an engine with a Supercharger and/or Turbocharger is permitted on NASA defined “Car” engines only. (See section – DEFINITIONS).

For an engine fitted with forced induction i.e., a Supercharger and/or Turbocharger, the cubic capacity (cc) is free.

1.2 Gearbox/Transmission - Type.

Free.

Driveshaft type free.

Wheel Hubs free, but must be of metal.

1.3 Engine & Transmission/Gearbox Location – Restricted.

The engine and transmission may be positioned & fitted anywhere within the chassis except for the area to the rear of the front surface of the front roll cage uprights and cross bar.

i.e., The location of the engine & transmission compartment may remain as per the original manufacturer's specification for the particular vehicle's body-shell or be moved to a different location provided the location chosen is forward of the roll cage structure.

The conversion of: a RWD vehicle to a FWD vehicle is permitted.

1.4 Engine/Gearbox Mountings/Cradle.

Engine/Gearbox Mountings/stabilisers free. However, they must be sufficient for size and weight of engine and stress loadings involved.

Engine/Gearbox Cradle mountings and construction must be fit for purpose. Excessive construction is regarded as ballast/reinforcement and prohibited.

1.5 Gear Lever.

A single gear lever or operating device must be fitted to control the operation of the transmission system 'gear change' mechanism for the engine/transmission.

1.6 Clutch Operation – Restricted.

A single clutch pedal or engagement lever must be fitted to control the operation of the 'clutch mechanism or engaging' drive to the transmission system mechanism from the engine.
Clutch type and modifications to are free.

1.7 Drive.

Drive must be effected by the two front wheels only as per Class specification.

1.8 Differential.

Type Free.

2 CHASSIS/BODY SHELL

2.1 The original vehicle may be modified in accordance with the regulations and the class construction requirements.

The removal of the original vehicle floorpan and fitting of a substitute metal floor and floor-frame with integral roll cage structure incorporated into the vehicle then the construction of a complete steel tube "Rolling" chassis space-frame" and the attachment of a body-shell is permitted.

Note.

i. The bodyshell including all associated panels, roof, bulkhead floorpan and panels must be securely fixed to the chassis space-frame and roll cage. The floor frame and roll cage chassis space-frame must be an integral part of the whole vehicle and bodyshell construction.

There must also be a minimum of two (2) front area and two (2) rear area upper bodyshell fixings (Bolt size 8mm HT or greater) at nearside and offside. These must be at a level that is at or above the door window aperture bottom.

Note.

NASA reserves the right via a Scrutineer to reject a fixing method choice due to size and ability and or capacity to provide the necessary secure fitment of the bodyshell to the chassis space-frame and roll cage.

ii. Composite material panels:

The use of non-metal automotive "Composite material" panels attached to a metal bodyshell permitted only on vehicles with such panels fitted by the original vehicle manufacturer as standard production items to that make and model.

iii. Permitted Vehicles – Restricted.

It is Competitors responsibility to contact a scrutineer and or designated official to confirm that the chosen donor vehicle is eligible. i.e., permitted by the NASA Scrutineers Committee **before** using it.

The following are examples of permitted vehicles:

Vehicles that comply with class specification including: Permitted three and/or five door "Hatchback" saloons, permitted 2 door saloons, permitted 2 Door Coupe, and permitted Dual Purpose models.

Permitted Dual Purpose Vehicles:

Mini Estate.

Mini Pick-up.

Skoda Favorit/Felicia Pick Up.

VW Golf Pick Up.

Permitted Coupe Vehicles:

Lancia Fulvia Coupe Series 2 only.

VW Corrado 2+2 Coupe

iv. Prohibited Vehicles.

See Check Sheet.

Note.

If a competitor has any doubt as to the eligibility and or suitability of a proposed vehicle for autograss racing a NASA Scrutineer must be contacted **before** commencing a build of such vehicle to enable permission for use to be given or declined.

2.2 Trim Removal & "Skinning" – Restricted.Trim removal, including removal of non-metal body components.

Where the above is carried out and other components removed leaving apertures then, there must also be a metal covering maximum thickness 0.91mm (20 gauge), fitted as the original vehicle silhouette, in place of any removed non-metal body components.

"Skinning."

Skinning of panels is allowed. See Definitions.

Note.

Where the original floor is retained the Inner "B" Post, inner windscreens pillars, inner sills and all structural elements must remain in place.

Excessive skinning is not permitted. The bodyshell must retain structural integrity. The bodyshell must be securely fixed to any internal floor frame and the roll cage structure.

Seam Welding.

"Seam Welding of front panels, wings and bonnet permitted.

2.3 Doors.

Doors and tailgate may be "skinned".

See Rule 2.15.

Nearside/Passenger's door.

Where a driver is centrally seated both the offside/driver's and nearside/passenger door MUST be retained at the standard manufactured height.

The cutting down of the nearside/passenger door may be permitted subject to driver stature. NASA reserves the right via an appointed Official and or Scrutineer to permit, reject and or prohibit the cutting down of the nearside/passenger door as being suitable or unsuitable for the driver stature racing at any time.

Roll Cage “Door Bars”

See Saloons General for mandatory safety door bar requirements & drawings/figures section in this rule book.

2.4 Original Engine compartment bonnet or cover.

- a). This must be of steel and retain its original shape and silhouette except for the plan area necessary to provide a Carburettor/air filter cover.
- i. The rear part of the engine compartment bonnet or cover must remain flush with the front windscreens scuttle at all times.
- ii. It is permitted to make a hole for carburettor(s)/Injector throttle body and/or air filter(s) only to protrude through the engine compartment bonnet or cover. However, the items that protrude through must be completely covered and shielded with steel. The shield dimensions are restricted to the following:
Height: maximum of 160mm (6") from the original engine bonnet or cover surface.
Plan Area: Absolute minimum necessary to provide the shield.
- iii. Removal or “skinning” of strengthening braces/ribs permitted
Bonnet hinges may be retained or removed.

2.5 Front Bulkhead.

The original front passenger compartment to front engine and or front luggage compartment bulkhead may be modified, retained, or removed and replaced. A bulkhead as a body panel/part description includes the inner front wings.

a). All Vehicles – Front Bulkhead.

A complete steel front bulkhead **must** be fitted. This bulkhead may be the complete original vehicle steel bulkhead or a substitute/replacement formed steel sheet bulkhead (Statutory minimum thickness 20 gauge) or a repaired original bulkhead (Repair material - steel sheet statutory minimum thickness 20 gauge).

Note.

The Bulkhead including any foot-pedal indent must always be to the rear of an imaginary line connecting the nearside and offside front hub centres and also more than 230mm (9") from the front face of the front engine/front suspension cradle. See Fig. 29, 32, & 33.

Original Front Bulkhead.

If the original front bulkhead is retained it must remain in its original location with all points of connection to the bodyshell side, dashboard/front windscreens, and floor-pan areas. i.e., The bulkhead must be complete from the inside surface of the nearside bodyshell to the inside surface of the offside bodyshell. There must be no gaps between bulkhead and bodyshell inside. Ceasing of the bulkhead at the either or both of the roll cage uprights is prohibited. See Fig. 29. Also (see Rule 2.7d.).

Replacement Front Bulkhead.

It is permitted to remove the complete bulkhead and replace it with formed steel sheet, minimum thickness 20 gauge (0.91mm).

If the front bulkhead is not original, then it may be fitted in the original location of the original front bulkhead position or fitted in a non- standard production location.

However, it must be fitted with all points of connection to the bodyshell side, dashboard/front windscreens, and floor-pan areas. i.e., The bulkhead must be complete from the inside surface of the nearside bodyshell to the inside surface of the offside bodyshell. There must be no gaps between bulkhead and bodyshell inside. Ceasing of the bulkhead at the either or both of the roll cage uprights is prohibited. See Fig. 29. Also (see Rule 2.7d.).

b). Front Bulkhead Modification.

All Vehicles.

- i. The upper bulkhead area directly behind the main vehicle instrument panel may be modified to accommodate the battery, carburettor and air filter, fuel tank, and engine ancillaries. However, the driver's compartment must be protected from the engine compartment by a bulkhead/fire shield.
- ii. Slight local modification of the lower front bulkhead and floorpan is **only** permitted for:
Localised clearance of mechanical components. (As a “Rule of thumb” “Localised clearance” is regarded as approx. 100mm clearance).
- iii. The Bulkhead including any foot-pedal indent must always be to the rear of an imaginary line connecting the nearside and offside front hub centres and also more than 230mm (9") from the front face of the front engine/front suspension cradle. See Fig. 29, 32, & 33.

Note:

The driver's feet must remain at all times to the rear of the driver's compartment face of the original front bulkhead location. See Fig. 32. & 33. See also Rule 2.7.

2.6 Rear Bulkhead.

Front Engine FWD Bodyshells only – Rear Bulkhead.

For manufacturer's original specification front engine vehicles, the original rear passenger compartment to luggage compartment bulkhead/engine fire shield may be modified, retained, or removed.

If the original rear passenger compartment to luggage compartment bulkhead is retained it must remain in its original location.

Retention of original rear bulkhead - Modification.

If the original rear passenger compartment to luggage compartment bulkhead is retained.

- a). The upper bulkhead area directly below the rear window panel may be modified to accommodate the battery and fuel tank.

However, the driver's compartment must be protected from the engine compartment by a fire shield/bulkhead. i.e. voids formed for the accommodation of above items must be made good and filled in with metal.

b). Slight local modification of the lower rear bulkhead and floorpan is **only** permitted for:
 Localised clearance of mechanical components. (As a “Rule of thumb” “Localised clearance” is regarded as approx. 100mm clearance).

2.7 Front Engine Compartment - Inner Wings & Chassis & Slam Panel.

For manufacturer's original specification front engine vehicles, the original front engine compartment inner wings and front cross member and chassis rails/sub-frame and floorpan forward of the front bulkhead may be modified, retained, or removed and replaced – see also Note iii.

Free modification to the vehicle original manufacturer's front engine compartment inner wings and chassis rails and floorpan forward of the front bulkhead is permitted for the fitting and provision of localised clearance for: -

- a). The engine and its ancillaries and associated components. i.e., engine block & cylinder head(s), distributor, oil and/or water pumps, carburettor(s), inlet and exhaust system manifolds and pipework including their associated support brackets/cradle.
- b). The suspension and steering systems and their associated components. i.e., struts/shock absorbers, springs, wishbones, arms, and support brackets/cradle.
- c). To facilitate the fitting of non-original size of tyre & wheel assembly.
- d). To facilitate a combination of a), b), & c).
- e). All support bars forward of the front face of the front tyres must have a wall thickness no greater than 3.5mm.
- f). All components of the front suspension/engine cradle must be contained within the bodyshell and front engine bonnet/cover.

Note.

Where the above is carried out and other components removed leaving apertures then, there must also be a metal covering maximum thickness 0.91mm (20 gauge), fitted as the original vehicle silhouette, in place of any removed non-metal body components.

The following also applies:

i. Slam Panel.

The slam panel may be removed or retained.

Where it is removed there must be a substitute bonnet single steel tube support bar (Maximum 20mm circular/box section) fitted in its place. This “Substitute slam panel bar” must not protrude more than 20mm from the inside edge of each of the front wings, outward, on each side of the vehicle.

ii. Front Panel Support Bar.

There must also be a single steel tube panel support bar (Maximum 25mm box or 25mm circular section) fitted immediately behind the front panel/metal covering, from nearside to offside to securely hold (i.e., bolted or welded) the metal covering / front panel in place. The panel support bar must not protrude beyond the inside rim of each of the front wheels on each side of the vehicle when the wheels are parallel. This support bar must have a minimum of 1 (One) bar maximum of 4 (Four) bars (Maximum 20mm box or 20mm circular section) connecting it to the suspension cradle. See Fig 24.

Note.

The suspension cradle connecting bars must not be joined together at a single point of connection on the panel support bar. There must be a minimum of 300mm in a horizontal plane, between each connecting bar at the point of connection to the panel support bar.

Any gusseting must be at a point that is a minimum of 150mm from the panel support bar.

iii. Front Suspension/Front Engine Cradle.

The original vehicle front suspension/front engine cradle may be modified, retained or removed and replaced.

Any replacement suspension/engine cradle framework must be of steel tubular construction of minimum thickness 2.5mm. It must be securely fixed (Bolted or welded) to the vehicle front bulkhead/chassis/floorpan etc. The width is free provided the location of the wheel and tyre assembly complies with Rules 2.14 & 2.15. The suspension/engine cradle construction may include 20mm “cross bars”.

The amount of forward protrusion of the replacement suspension/engine cradle is dependent upon its height above ground level.

Any component of the cradle at a height of 350mm or greater above ground level must not protrude beyond the furthest forward of either the front face of the engine block or the front surface of the front tyres.

Any component of the cradle at a height of 349mm or less above ground level may protrude up to a point 20mm rearward of the front panel.

Note.

The choice of engine and radiator combinations and their potential and actual overall dimensions and fitment must be considered during construction to ensure compliance regardless of competitor donor bodyshell choice and overall fit within the vehicle silhouette.

Where the original vehicle front cross member/chassis rails/sub-frame are retained they may remain in their original standard production location.

2.8 Floorpan (Front, Centre & Rear).

A complete steel floor pan including the transmission/gear linkage/exhaust tunnel from the front bulkhead extending to the back of the rear roll cage feet **must** be fitted. This floorpan may be the complete original vehicle steel floorpan or a substitute steel sheet floorpan (Statutory minimum thickness 20 gauge (0.91mm)) or a repaired original floorpan (Repair material - steel sheet statutory minimum thickness 20 gauge (0.91mm)).

Note.

i The original location of the floorpan in the vertical plane is regarded as the lower edge of the original manufacturer's outer sill of the vehicle when viewed from the side.

ii The original location of the floorpan in the horizontal plane is regarded as a horizontal line from the lower edge of the original manufacturer's outer offside sill to outer nearside sill across the vehicle.

iii Where the Driver is centrally seated the Transmission/gear linkage/exhaust tunnel may be retained or removed.

iv. Sill Location – Restricted.

Where the original floor is retained and or repaired, then the sill must remain in its standard production location.

The depth of any sill fitted with a complete replacement steel floorpan must be:

- i. A minimum of 50mm (2") from the base or bottom of the original vehicles' doors.
- ii. For certain specified vehicles only a minimum of 20mm (3/4") from the base or bottom of the original vehicles' doors. N.B. Applications for consideration and or permission for other non-listed vehicles must be made to NASA before use as a donor vehicle.

Specified vehicle: VW Polo, year 2002 onwards.

Original Floorpan retained.

If the original floorpan is retained it must remain in its original location.

Original Floorpan retained - Suspension mounting cross member.

Where the original floor is retained in its entirety (See Fig.7) a suspension mounting cross member may be attached to the vehicle at low level (i.e. within 250mm (10") of a rearmost horizontal point on floorpan) and or via the original rear lower suspension component and or for Mini vehicles the rear sub frame mounts, 10 BSG x 1½" box section or permitted suitable equivalent. (See Fig.8).

Original Floorpan replaced with steel floor & Floor frame.

For a vehicle that is constructed/fitted with a complete steel tube "rolling" chassis space-frame" a complete steel floor must be fitted from the front bulkhead extending to the rear of the rear roll cage upright. The floor from this point to the rear of the vehicle (including rear luggage compartment floor and inner wheel arches may be in a non-original location and material but must be fitted and be of metal of minimum 0.91mm thickness. See Fig. 7.

Replacement steel floor with Floor frame – Thickness verification/drain holes.

There must be a single inspection hole of a minimum of 40mm diameter fitted in the floor panelling. It is permitted to fit a maximum of 1 No. per floor frame triangle, additional "Air / "Cleaning / draining holes" into the chassis floor panelling, each hole diameter free up to a maximum of 50mm diameter. i.e., where there are 6 No. triangles a maximum of 6 holes may be fitted, one of which shall be the inspection hole.

2.9 Floorpan (Front, Centre & Rear).

The front, centre, and rear areas to the back of the rear roll cage feet of the vehicle floorpan may have local or slight modifications for localised clearance of mechanical components.

Note.

All apertures formed or cut into the floor-pan to allow the fitting of the above mechanical components must be filled in and made good with steel material such that there is a complete floor-pan. The material must provide a mechanical component cover and/or shield of steel with a minimum thickness of 0.91mm (20 gauge) and fully welded in place. No mechanical component shall be visible or accessible from the interior and/or inside of the bodyshell. The use of non-ferrous metal and/or pop rivets for floor and or tunnel construction is not permitted.

Rear Suspension/Beam Axle Cradle.

The suspension/beam axle cradle framework must be of steel tubular construction. Tube must be of minimum wall thickness 2.5mm. The cradle must be securely fixed (bolted or welded) to the vehicle chassis/floorpan/floor frame etc. The width is free provided the location of the wheel and tyre assembly complies with Rule 2.13.

The amount of rearward protrusion of the suspension/engine cradle is restricted. All components of the cradle must not protrude beyond the rear surface of the rear tyres.

The suspension/axle cradle construction may include 20mm "cross bars". However excess framework material will be deemed as ballast and prohibited.

Note.

"Heavy Duty" or over large cradle construction may be regarded as ballast.

The choice of rear wheel & tyre combinations and their potential and actual overall diameters must be considered during construction to ensure compliance regardless of competitor wheel & tyre choice during racing.

2.10 Cross Member & Cross Brace.

If any part of the vehicle floor, including any transmission/gear linkage/exhaust tunnel is removed or repaired or replaced and/or substituted with steel sheet (statutory minimum thickness 20 gauge) then, items a. and b. and c. and d. must be fitted.

Item b. must also then be incorporated within the roll cage structure i.e., connected to the rear brace bars and rear roll cage hoop uprights (See Fig. 20a). Item b. may also be used as a suspension mounting point.

- a). A metal cross member comprising of a single continuous length of tube fixed to the floorpan and body at low-level (i.e., within 250mm (10") of floorpan), minimum size 38mm x 38mm box or circular section steel tube with 2.5mm wall thickness. (See Saloons General - Roll Cage - Rule 4). This cross member may also be used as a suspension mounting point.
- b). A steel cross brace fixed above the rear wheel arch, below the rear side window aperture and across the interior between the offside and nearside minimum 30mm x 30mm box section tube, 32mm(1¼") circular section tube – with specified wall thickness as Saloons General - Roll cage Rule 4.
End plates minimum size 75mm x 50mm x 3mm (3" x 2" x 1/8") must be welded to both the cross member and cross brace and be bolted (minimum 2 No. 10mm or 3/8" bolts) through the body skin to a plate of equivalent size on the outside (See Fig 9).
- c). Floor Frame as described in rule 2.11.
- d). Where the bodyshell construction makes the use of end plates impractical, then the cross brace/cross member must be fitted in a permanent manner. i.e., CROSS BRACE fully welded or bolted to vehicle by means of steel sandwich plates through the vehicle side. CROSS MEMBER BRACE fully welded or bolted to vehicle by means of steel sandwich plates through the vehicle floor/side.
- e). There must be an "X" or 2 "Cross" bars of steel tube box section 25mm x 25mm minimum, 50mm x 50mm maximum or round (circular) section 25mm diameter minimum, 50mm diameter maximum, all with a minimum thickness of 2.5mm, fixed on top of the vehicle floor diagonally from offside rear corner at roll cage rear upright base to nearside front corner at roll cage front upright base and nearside rear corner at roll cage rear upright base to offside front corner at roll cage front upright base welded into the floor frame prescribed in c. above and rule 2.11. See Fig. 7.

2.11 Floorpan Cross Member & Floor Frame.

- a). The cross member described in 2.10a above must be extended forwards up to the front bulkhead, to form a steel strengthening “floor frame” with bars as specified in Saloons General - Roll cage rule 4. See Fig. 7.
- b). Steel plates (minimum surface area 150 sq. mm (6 sq. ")) to be fixed to the frame at a maximum of 450mm (18") centres and bolted through the floorpan to a steel plate of equal size. The floor frame if fitted may be directly connected to the front sub-frame or any framework supporting the engine, gearbox or front suspension.
- c). The floor frame if fitted may be directly connected / attached to the front sub-frame or any framework supporting the engine, gearbox or front and/or rear suspension. The method of connection/attachment must be secure and fit for purpose.

Note.

- i. The construction of a complete steel tube “Rolling chassis space-frame” and the secure attachment of a body-shell is permitted. The floor frame and roll cage and chassis space frame must be an integral part of the whole vehicle and bodyshell construction. See Fig 1i. & 7.
- ii. For a non-original replacement panel floorpan used in conjunction with a floor frame, the floorpan must be constructed of a single sheet steel so as to comply with Rule 2.8 and welded to the vehicle bodyshell such that the floorpan is below the bottom face of the floor-frame construction steel tubes and/or bars. See Fig 1h.
- iii. The creation of a floor-frame and floorpan by the infilling of voids between the floor-frame construction tube/bars with welded or bolted or riveted infill sheets or panels is prohibited.

2.12 Bumpers.a). Front Bumper:

- i. For all vehicles except for Leyland/Rover Mini & Metro, Fiat 126, and Fiesta Mk 1 & Mk 2, bodyshell based types a front bumper must be fitted. (i.e., Leyland/Rover Mini & Metro, Fiat 126, Fiesta Mk 1 & Mk 2, vehicles front bumpers are not mandatory and may be fitted).
- ii. The original standard production automotive plastic vehicle bumper may be interchanged with that of another vehicle, provided the vehicle bumpers are so similar as to be considered identical, and the vehicle silhouette is not affected.
- iii. Where a bumper is part of a wheel arch, the bumper sides and/or edges may be partially cut and/or trimmed and removed to suit the size & diameter of wheel & tyre assembly used. (See Rule 2.7, 2.14 & 2.15). Also, Saloons General Rule 2.16.

b). Rear Bumper:

Standard production original rear bumpers may be retained or removed. (See Saloons General Rule 2.13).

- i. The original standard production automotive plastic vehicle bumper may be interchanged with that of another vehicle, provided the vehicle bumpers are so similar as to be considered identical, and the vehicle silhouette is not affected.
- ii. Where a bumper is part of a wheel arch, the bumper sides and/or edges may be partially cut and/or trimmed and removed to suit the size & diameter of wheel & tyre assembly used.

Note.

- i. If the rear bumper is removed, then the remaining aperture must be filled in as Saloons General Rule 2.14.
- ii. For vehicles fitted with synthetic and or automotive plastic rear bumper it is permitted to remove and or ‘trim’ the rear bumper and panel behind the bumper below an imaginary line from the top surface of the nearside rear tyre across the rear of the vehicle to the top surface of the offside rear tyre. The tyre top datum point to be adhered to at all times. See Fig. 31.

Rear Bumper support bar.

A rear bumper support bar maximum size 1" x 1" (25mm x 25mm) box, is required and permitted and must be such that it is below the topmost part of the wheel and tyre assembly.

If this positioning is below the lowest part of the rear tailgate, then the “gap” must have metal infill of metal 0.91mm thickness.

No more than 2 brace bars of maximum size 1" x 1" (25mm x 25mm) box can be used to support the bumper support bar. The bumper support bar may be used as a rear protection bar. See Rule 18.1. for requirements.

2.13 Rear Hatchback/Tailgate/Estate Rear Doors.

The Rear Hatchback/Tailgate/Estate Rear Doors must be retained.

Removal or “skinning” of strengthening braces/ribs permitted.

Tailgate hinges may be retained or removed.

For 100% Glazed Tailgate vehicles only.

Where the original vehicle is fitted with a tailgate that is 100% automotive glass then the glass must be removed. See – Saloons General – Roll Cage – Rule 17 - Safety Bar.

2.14 Wheel Arches.

Front and rear wheel arches may be altered to facilitate wheel widening.

The wheel arch/spat must be fitted below the top surface and not protrude above the top surface of the particular wing they are fitted to. The wheel arch must not encroach into the main “A” post nor “B” post or driver's/passenger's compartment doors of the bodyshell. Excessive removal of material prohibited. See Rule 2.15. Also See Fig.6 & Fig 17 & Pick-up Fig 35.

Wheel arch support bar/lip.

A steel wheel arch may be fitted with a NASA permitted support bar or lip/edge/border.

If a bar it must be metal and be no greater than 8mm in diameter.

The above may edge the wheel arch rim only. It is not permitted to form a reinforcement linking with any non-wheel arch vehicle body panel/bumper or vehicle roll cage/floor frame/space frame/protection bars.

NASA reserves the right via an appointed Official and or Scrutineer to reject a wheel arch support/lip construction as being unsuitable for the vehicle concerned.

2.15 Wheel Arch/Spat size.
A wheel arch/spat must cover/shield a minimum of the upper surface of the top quadrant (1/4) (25%) of the wheel and tyre assembly such that each wheel and tyre assembly does not protrude more than 20mm (3/4") beyond the vehicle body line.

Note.

The "body line" includes the actual wheel arches/spats.

The fitting of "air holes" in wheel arches/spats is prohibited. The reshaping and or modifying/cutting of doors prohibited. Failure to ensure that the wheel arch covering remains fitted during racing is a Black Flag (Race Disqualification) offence.

2.16 Side Skirts.
Where a vehicle is fitted with modified wheel arches or spats that protrude from the bodyshell or wing more than the original fitted standard wheel arches, then the fitting of a "Side skirt" on the nearside and offside of the vehicle is permitted. The use of an "Enclosed base or bottom" type "Side skirt" is prohibited.

The "Side skirt" shall be fitted so as to join the bottom rear edge of the front wheel arch with the bottom front edge of the rear wheel arch in a horizontal line (Angled "Side skirts" are prohibited) The side skirt must be constructed of a maximum of 20-gauge steel or aluminium sheet.

The use of proprietary manufactured "non-enclosed base or bottom" type "Hot Rod" type side skirts is permitted.

The "Side skirt" may be supported along its horizontal length via a maximum of 3 No. 25mm wide strips of 20-gauge steel or aluminium sheet fitted between the lower edge of the bodyshell and the lower edge of the "Side skirt".

It is prohibited to reinforce the outside edge of the "Side skirt" with any material, i.e. Additional metal sheeting. Double skinning, solid or round or box section tubing, wood, glass-fibre, Kevlar, automotive plastic, carbon fibre.

Due to the different types of vehicles that may have side skirts fitted, the "Side skirt" must not protrude more than whichever is the smaller dimension or distance of the following:

- More than 100mm (4") from the vehicle bodyshell.
- Beyond an imaginary line joining the outside edge of the front wheel arch with the outside edge of the rear wheel arch.

2.17 Wheelbase.

The vehicle wheelbase is free. See Rule 2.14.

The wheels must remain within the vehicle silhouette, when viewed from the side.

2.18 Vehicle Track.

The track is free subject to stated maximum overall width restriction.

See Check Sheet.

2.19 Pick-up vehicles only – Rear Bed.

The rear pick-up bed sides and rear must remain as standard production silhouette, sizes and dimensions for its whole length. i.e., it must not be reduced and or shortened either in height, length, or width. See Fig 35.

Replacement door skin and rear bed side panels must be separate panels. "One piece" combined replacement panel prohibited.

2.20 Pick-up vehicles only – Safety Bar.

If the original driver's compartment to rear pick-up bed bulkhead has been removed, to protect the driver in the event of an accident, an additional safety bar MUST be fitted from the junction point of the top roll bar above the driver, with the rear upright nearest to the driver to the junction point of the rear brace bar and rear cross bar on the opposite side of the vehicle. (See Fig.19). The additional bar must comply with specified measurements as for roll bars.

Pick-Up Vehicles - Rear Roll Cage Hoop – External to Cab

If the rear roll cage hoop is external to the internal "Cab" area then, the location of the rear roll cage hoop must be no greater than 50mm from the rear of the vehicle "Cab". See Fig 21.

2.21 Air Cooling Exit Holes:

To allow the exit of air from the rear of the vehicle, a maximum of 4 in number 100mm (4") diameter holes may be cut in the rear panel (inc. Pick-up tailgate) rear half of the rear boot/rear luggage compartment lid or rear engine cover/rear bonnet only.

Note:

It is NOT permitted to cut or form additional air cooling or air inlet/exit holes to supplement the existing front or other grilles etc; in any panel/area/wheel arch etc; of the vehicle.

3 WINDSCREEN & GLASS – As Saloons General.**4 STEERING**

4.1 Steering System.

The steering system & drive from the steering wheel to front wheels is free.

Open "Chain and or gear drives" must be fitted with chain & sprocket / gear guards.

"Steering arms" must be of metal.

NASA reserves the right via an appointed Official and or Scrutineer to reject steering components as being unsuitable for the vehicle concerned.

Power Steering. - Permitted.

4.2 Steering Column

Steering column location free.

The steering column if fitted other than by the original vehicle manufacturer must be attached to:

Either: A support bar of roll cage specification, which is attached to the front roll cage uprights, between each upright, nearside to offside across the front of the driver's compartment in the dashboard area.

Or:

If a floor level front nearside to offside cross bar of roll cage specified size steel tubing is fitted, then a steering column support nearside to offside cross bar or supporting steel tubing frame constructed of a minimum size of 25mm x 25mm box or 25mm circular section tubing and a maximum of 32mm circular section tubing may also be fitted at "dash panel"/"dashboard" level/area.

Note.

The steering column support bars must not hinder driver or medical personnel access and egress to driver compartment. For Roll Cage tubing sizes - See Saloons General Safety Roll Cage Rule 4, & Fig. 1.

4.3 Steering wheel mounted controls.

permitted.

Note.

Such systems must not impede, entangle, unlock, unfasten, disengage nor prevent the correct reach and or access to and or operation of any safety harness or other driver operated vehicle controls (e.g. Steering. Ignition switch. Cut off switch. etc.).

5 SAFETY HARNESS – As Saloons General.

6 SEAT

6.1 Seat Location – Central Seating.

Central seating is permitted.

If any part of the driver's seat encroaches into the front passenger's seat area i.e. crosses the centreline of the vehicle, then it is deemed as being "centrally located".

7 FIRE EXTINGUISHER – As Saloons General.

8 IDENTIFICATION – As Saloons General.

9 ELECTRICAL / INSTRUMENTS

9.1 Vehicle Wiring System.

Vehicle electrical wiring system free.

9.2 Electrical Battery.

Type and capacity of electrical battery free. The use of 2 x 12v batteries for 24v starting permitted.

The fitting of multiple or extra-large and or commercial and or agricultural vehicle batteries and/or battery containers may be construed as ballast.

9.3 Battery Enclosure & Location – Restricted.

The enclosure box/container maximum size = 300mm Height x 300mm Width x 600mm Length.

Maximum wall thickness = 3mm.

The enclosure box/container must not be fitted anywhere on the vehicle at a point that is forward of an imaginary line, across the vehicle from the most forward part of either the engine block or gearbox casing including clutch housing.

9.4 Starting system.

Type free.

9.5 Instrumentation & Gauges.

Instrumentation and gauges free.

10 FUEL

10.1 Carburettor(s), Fuel Injection system and Air Filter(s).

Fuel Delivery system free.

Air filter(s) free. However, all must remain within the engine compartment and be within the vehicle silhouette.

10.2 Inlet manifold.

Type free.

However, the manifold must remain within the engine compartment.

10.3 Fuel Pump.

Fuel pump type and capacity free.

10.4 Fuel Regulator.

Fuel regulator type and capacity free.

10.5 Fuel Tank Location – Restricted.

The fuel tank or "Fuel cell" must not be fitted anywhere on the vehicle at a point that is forward of an imaginary line, across the vehicle from the most forward part of the engine block.

11 COOLING SYSTEMS

11.1 Cooling System. - Free.

11.2 Sealed Systems.

When sealed radiator systems are used, they must be of a permitted manufactured type, and be fitted with an approved pressure relief device, in good working order.

11.3 Radiator - Restricted.

Original standard production water cooling radiator may be retained, modified or replaced.

The use of an aftermarket and/or specialist fabricated radiator is permitted. Alloy and or composite metal & plastic radiator permitted.

Number and type of radiators and coolers are free. However, they must be fitted within the vehicle silhouette. Oversize radiators/coolers may be regarded as ballast and prohibited. Commercial vehicle radiator(s) prohibited.

Water/Oil Cooling Radiator Location – Restricted.

The cooling radiators and associated airflow ducting/scoop must be fitted within the vehicle silhouette.

The fitting of cooling radiators within or parallel to window apertures prohibited.

For radiator(s) fitted close and/or next to the window aperture the top surface of the radiator must be no greater than 100mm above the lower part of the window aperture.

For pick up vehicles.

Radiator(s)/Coolers and associated airflow ducting/scoop must be fitted within the silhouette. Where it/they are fitted to the rear of the "Cab" it/they must be fitted within the area enclosed/bordered by the rear brace bars and 150mm vertical height from the rear pick up bed. See Fig.35.

Radiator Cooling Fan.

Free.

All electric fan assemblies must remain within the vehicle silhouette.

For pick up vehicles.

Where it/they are fitted to the rear of the "Cab" it/they must be fitted within the area enclosed/bordered by the rear brace bars (+ a shroud tolerance of 50mm), and 150mm (0 tolerance) vertical height from the rear pick up bed. See Fig.35.

Secondary Expansion Tank.

A secondary water-cooling system expansion tank may be fitted. Maximum capacity 1 Litre.

11.4 Water pipes/Hoses.

The standard production water pipes/hoses may be retained or replaced with equal pipes/hoses.

Water pipes/hoses must be of metal or proprietary flexible hose. Silicone hoses permitted.

Type and number of connections free. Type of hose clamps free, however they must be fit for purpose.

11.5 Water Pump. - Free.11.6 Oil System.

Free.

Oil coolers are permitted.

"Dry sump" and "Accusump" systems permitted.

However, it/they must remain within the vehicle silhouette.

Oil tanks.

Oil tanks (including catch tank / dry sump tank etc.) must be shielded from the driver in case of spillage in an accident.

Oil tanks must not be fitted under the vehicle wings and or anywhere on the vehicle at a point that is forward of an

imaginary line, across the vehicle from the most forward part of the engine block.

12 BRAKES

12.1 Vehicle braking system type is free. (For Handbrake See Rule 12.4).

Note:

Whilst racing the braking system may be subject to severe stress, pressure and/or heat loading. This must be borne in mind during brake and brake component choices.

NASA reserves the right via a Scrutineer to reject a component choice due to size and ability and or capacity to provide the necessary braking force.

12.2 A brake device (Calliper & disc or shoe & drum) must be fitted on each wheel hub and or wheel hub drive shaft and be kept in good working order at all times.

A brake calliper may be fitted such that it is either "Inboard" or "Outboard".

Note:

The use of "Kart" and or "Bicycle" brake disc and or brake calliper is prohibited.

12.3 The brake device fitted on each axle hub or wheel hub drive shaft of an axle must be equal in type, size and capacity. i.e., If a disc and calliper is fitted to nearside rear hub, or nearside driveshaft then a disc and calliper of equal size and capacity must be fitted on the offside rear hub or offside drive shaft. See Fig. 23.

12.4 Handbrake - Restricted.

Handbrake/Parking brake type and method of operation restricted.

The original vehicle handbrake/parking brake and its associated components may be retained or removed.

A handbrake/parking brake may be fitted. If fitted a handbrake/parking brake must operate the rear wheel braking system only. Hydraulic handbrake permitted.

Electric handbrake prohibited.

Note:

For vehicles fitted with "Automatic" Transmission electrical "parking" brake permitted.

If retained the handbrake/parking brake components must operate the rear wheels braking system only.

The original vehicle handbrake and or parking brake system is considered equal to a start line handbrake. If the original vehicle handbrake/parking brake is removed a hand lever operated start line handbrake must be fitted. The start line handbrake may be a cable or hydraulic system that operates upon the vehicle braking system. See Saloons General – Rule 12.3.

12.5 Brake Proportioning - Restricted.

The fitting and use of a brake system proportioning valve and associated adjustment mechanisms, including "bias pedal boxes / balance bar systems" and or control knob or lever or handle is permitted.

Note.

The fitting of a brake fluid shut off or isolation tap or line-lock device to facilitate the isolation or deactivation of any part of the braking system is prohibited

NASA reserves the right via an appointed Official and or Scrutineer to carry out a spot check brake test at any time to ensure Saloons General Rule 12.1 is complied with.

13 **WHEELS.**

13.1 Type, width and diameter of road wheel is free.

- i. Modification of a proprietary manufactured wheel other than machining to suit "Beadlock" conversion is prohibited.
- ii. Beadlock type wheels may be used but the "Beadlock rim" fixing bolts must have either "Button head" or "Countersunk head" bolts only. Hexagon head "Beadlock rim" fixing bolts prohibited. The fixings must not protrude beyond wheel rim. Beadlock wheels must be complete with all rim fixing bolts.
- iii. Maximum permitted wheel diameter is 17".

13.2 Wheel Spacers – Type restricted.

- i. The fitting of wheel spacers is permitted.
- ii. A wheel spacer must be of proprietary manufacture, be of solid uniform one piece that incorporates an integral backing plate.
- iii. The alteration of or thinning or machining of proprietary wheel spacers is prohibited.
- iv. The associated wheel studs must be of a one-piece type and of correct size. "Extension studs" prohibited.

13.3 Wheel Adaptors – Type restricted.

The use of wheel adaptors to fit wheels of a different PCD is permitted.

The use of wheel spacers and/or combined wheel spacer and wheel adapter permitted.

Note.

Whilst racing, a wheel adaptor/spacer may be subject to severe shock and stress loading. Adaptor/spacer type and construction and fixings must be suitable and fit for purpose for the shock and stress loadings of the "Autograss racing environment". This must be borne in mind during adaptor/spacer choices.

NASA reserves the right via an appointed Official and or Scrutineer to reject an adaptor/spacer, deemed as not fit for purpose and unsuitable for the shock and stress loadings of the "Autograss racing environment".

13.4 Wheel Studs.

It is permitted to change the standard wheel studs to a longer in length steel type only to enable correct wheel fitment. Excessive length types prohibited

14 **TYRES**

14.1 Tyre Width - Restricted.

Maximum permitted tyre width is 225.

15 **EXHAUST**

15.1 Exhaust System.

Exhaust manifold and system are free. See Saloons General - Rule 15.2.

The exhaust manifold and system must be fitted within the vehicle silhouette.

15.2 The engine exhaust system outlet or outlets must end not less than 50mm from the rear bodyline of the vehicle, and not protrude beyond/more than 50mm of the vehicle bodyline.

It is recommended that the outlet end be at a point between the rear of the "B" pillar and the rear of the vehicle.

The outlet or outlets must be at a point that is easily accessible for the taking of noise level test measurement readings. See NASA mandatory exhaust noise restriction - Saloons General Rule 15.1.

All outlets of multiple exhaust systems must terminate at a single common point, enclosed within an imaginary area of 300mm diameter. See Fig. 26.

Note.

- i. The floorpan of a vehicle is not deemed as a "bodyline" for the purpose of this rule.
- ii. The outlet pipe or pipes must point either horizontal or downward at an angle of not more than 30° from the horizontal.

iii. For pick up' type vehicles.

Where the exhaust outlet or outlets is/are at a height above the side of the rear pick up bed, then the outlet or outlets must point downward, at an angle of not more than 30° (degrees) from the horizontal.

As of January 2026, for all vehicles, the outlet end must be at a point between the rear of the "B" pillar and the rear of the vehicle.

15.3 Exhaust Route - Front Engine Vehicles.

The exhaust may pass from the engine compartment to the driver's compartment, through the front bulkhead at low level,

however, the top surface of the exhaust pipe must be no greater than 300mm from the vehicle floor level when measured at the lower bulkhead/floorpan panel angle. (See Fig. 12).

16 SAFETY SHIELDS

16.1 Engine Fire Shield (Bulkhead).

All vehicles must be fitted with a securely fitted full width metal fire shield (Bulkhead) between the driver and the engine/transmission unit, ancillaries, and cooling radiators.

The shield (Bulkhead) must be installed from the vehicle floorpan to a height equal to the whole bottom surface of the front windscreen aperture and formed to suit the curvature etc; and from the nearside inside surface of the bodyshell to the offside inside surface of the bodyshell, without any gaps, all as necessary to protect the driver. See Fig. 29.

16.2 Bellhousing & Gearbox.

Where gearboxes and bell-housings are not contained in the original vehicle's engine compartment to driver's compartment bulkhead and/or transmission tunnel(s), they must be covered with metal (Steel: 16 gauge (1.62mm) Non steel $\frac{1}{8}$ "(3.2mm) minimum thickness) sufficient to act as a safety shield. No mechanical component shall be visible or accessible from the interior and/or inside of the bodyshell. The use of pop rivets as mechanical fixings is prohibited.

16.3 All transmission/drive chains must be suitably encased by a substantial material, minimum 2mm steel sheet, to contain the chain in the event of breakage.

16.4 Where transverse mounted engine installation is used, then the following metal fire & safety shields must be securely fitted.

Flywheel shield.

Fitted to interrupt an imaginary line between the vehicle driver and engine flywheel.

The shield to be no more than 100mm from the flywheel bell-housing/enclosure

The shield to be constructed from steel plate, minimum 6mm ($\frac{1}{4}$ in), thickness 460mm (18ins) high, 100mm (4ins) width.

16.5 Sump Guard Shape/Dimensions - Restricted.

There shall be no vertical surface extending above the base of the vehicle chassis or the suspension cradle.

The sump guard may be extended to provide gearbox protection.

The sump guard area shall not be extended to incorporate suspension system and/or suspension component mounting and or mounting protection.

16.6 Exhaust Shield.

Exhaust pipes, when fitted inside the driver's compartment, must be covered with material sufficient to act as a safety shield.

16.7 Suspension Shield.

Shock absorbers, springs or coil/shock absorber assemblies and or "link" bars/arms located adjacent to the driver's compartment must be shielded from the driver. The shield is to be made of either steel or aluminium sheet a minimum of 2mm thickness.

17 SUSPENSION

17.1 Suspension Type – restricted.

Any form of passive suspension may be used. (See Fig. 15 & 16).

Active /Adaptive/ semi-Active Suspension including electronic and/or remote adjustable/control types prohibited.

Suspension components must be of metal.

Track conditions may mean that suspension components and component to chassis mounting points may be subjected to severe stress loadings. This should always be borne in mind during suspension design and component choices.

NASA reserves the right via a Scrutineer to reject a component choice due to size and ability and or capacity to provide the necessary vehicle suspension. Suspension components must be shielded from driver See rule 16.7.

17.2 Suspension mounting points.

Suspension mounting points must be built in a secure manner and be robust and sufficient to withstand race track conditions.

Note.

Where suspension mounting or support bars are fixed to the engine/gearbox cradle, or fixed to the floorpan and or floor frame, the fixing points must:

- i. Have a clearance of not less than 150mm (6") distance from any seat or harness fixing point.
- ii. Where "slider clamp" mountings are fitted to support bars adjacent to the drive wheels, the "clamp" must be held/fixed in place by a minimum of 6 number 8mm closing bolts and/or set/socket/cap-screws to prevent slider movement. ("Grub-screws" prohibited). The mounting bar may not be drilled or have any hole/openings cut to allow any bolt/set screw/item to pass through it.

17.3 Suspension Components.

Suspension unit/damper type, number, material, and size/rating – Free.

Suspension arms and wheel hubs must be of metal otherwise - Free.

Suspension bushes – Free.

Suspension spring type, number, and rating – Free.

Rose Joints.

Rose Joints – Free, but must be fit for purpose.

The use of "Half nuts" for rose joint locking purposes permitted and must be steel and be fit for purpose.

17.4 Strut Brace.
A "Strut Brace" may be fitted between the engine compartment suspension turret housings.

17.5 Wheel Alignment.
Wheel camber, castor, and alignment (toe in/out) is free.

17.6 Vehicle ride height.
The standard production vehicle ride height may be retained or modified.
No minimum or maximum ride heights will be given.
NASA reserves the right via an appointed Official and or Scrutineer to reject a vehicle ride height (too high or too low) deemed as not fit for purpose to ensure full control of the vehicle and unsuitable for the shock and stress loadings of the "Autograss racing environment".

18 PROTECTION

18.1 Rear Protection - Restricted.
Rear Protection as described in Saloons – General Rule 18.3 & 18.4 permitted.

Note.
a). No more than 2 brace bars of maximum size 1" x 1" (25mm x 25mm) box may be used to support the protection bar. (See Fig. 18).
b). The 25mm support bars, (if fitted) may be connected to the rear luggage compartment/boot floor or if the rear luggage compartment/boot floor has been removed must be connected to either: The vehicle floorpan or "component support bar" at a height +/- 50mm of the original vehicle rear boot floor location/position or lower cross member of the "rear suspension frame/cradle" or "mid/rear engine frame/cradle".
c). Where the protection bar(s) are fixed to the outside of the rear panel, the support bars may pass through the rear panel.
d). Protection bar(s) and support bars must not be connected to the roll cage or any brace bar(s).
e). The protection bar or support bar(s) must not be connected to the vehicle rear wheel arches.
f). All support bars to the rear of the rear face of the rear tyres and protection bar must have a wall thickness no greater than 3.5mm.

18.2 Distributor Protection.
Front transverse engined vehicles only. Restricted to local distributor area. One 1" x 1" (25mm x 25mm) box section maximum, top bolted to engine, bottom to sub-frame/lower chassis/engine cradle member.

18.3 Fuel Delivery System Protection.
Front transverse engined vehicles only. Restricted to local fuel delivery system area. One 25mm (1")circular diameter or 25mm x 25mm (1" x 1") box section maximum, maximum thickness 3mm, fixed to engine cradle nearside to offside and within 50mm of main fuel delivery system body. See Fig 14.

18.4 Driver Protection.

Roll Cage:- Rear Hoop Diagonal Bar/Upper Across Cross Bar

For additional driver protection there must be:

Either:-

Two diagonal bars that must be straight to form a cross ("X") shape within the rear roll cage hoop. One fitted from the point of intersection of the offside rear upright with the nearside to offside rear hoop top bar to the bottom of the nearside rear upright and vies-versa. (See Fig.1).

Or:-

A minimum of one diagonal bar that must be "straight", fitted from the point of intersection of the offside rear upright with the nearside to offside rear hoop top bar to the bottom of the nearside rear upright. Or vies-versa. (See Fig.1). Also, an "across bar" that must be straight fitted to join the nearside rear hoop upright with the offside rear hoop upright. The "across bar" must be fitted either at top door bar height or no greater than 150mm above the top door bar height. (see Fig. 1).

N.B. Both the diagonal and across bars must be of roll cage specification, See drawings section in this rule book

Roll Cage "Door Bars" & "Down Door Bars."

See Saloons General for safety door bar requirements & drawings section in this rule book.

19 BALLAST

19.1 The use of specified "Ballast" is permitted.
Ballast must be as specified. Other forms of "Ballast" are prohibited.

Ballast Location – Restricted.

Ballast must be located at the non-drive part of the vehicle.

For a RWD vehicle it must be fitted adjacent to the vehicle front between the foot pedals and most forward part of suspension cradle.

For a FWD vehicle it must be fitted adjacent to the vehicle rear between the rear floor bar and most rearward part of suspension cradle.

19.2 Ballast Construction.

Ballast shall be constructed of steel and be in "Plate" form to the following dimensions.

Overall size limit maximum = 200mm L x 150mm W x 75mm Total Thickness.

Ballast may be removable and or adjustable.

Adjustment shall be by means of the use of individual steel plates.

The maximum thickness of any individual plate is 10mm thickness. i.e., the number of individual ballast plates is free subject to the maximum total overall thickness of 75mm.

Maximum weight of ballast = 15 Kg.

19.3 Ballast Fixing/Mounting.

The ballast must be securely fixed to a ballast mounting base plate and be held down by a ballast top plate.

The ballast mounting base plate and ballast top plate must be constructed of steel and be 200mm L x 150mm W with a minimum thickness of 10mm and a maximum of 14mm thickness.

The ballast mounting plate must be fixed (Bolted/welded) to the vehicle chassis. It is not permitted to be fixed to vehicle floor or panelling/bodyshell.

If bolted then a minimum of 4 No 10mm Diameter HTS (minimum grade 8.8) must be used. If welded there shall be a minimum of 4 x 25mm stitch welds.

The individual ballast plates must be fixed to the mounting base plate and held in place by a ballast top plate by means of a minimum of 2 No. 12mm Diameter HTS (minimum grade 8.8) bolts & full nuts (Type - Plain with spring washer or Nyloc). A minimum of 10mm thread must protrude from the top of the Ballast top plate at all times. See Fig. 28.

20 CHECK SHEET

PERMITTED AND PROHIBITED VEHICLES.

The lists of permitted and prohibited vehicles are not fixed.

NASA reserves the right via an appointed Official and or Scrutineer to permit, reject and or prohibit a vehicle/bodyshell as being suitable or unsuitable for Class 6 Autograss racing at any time.

PERMITTED VEHICLES

Class 6 Rules and Regulations type compliant.

PROHIBITED VEHICLES.

General Description Type.

Any vehicle that has a chassis that is not integral (Monocoque) with the bodyshell including following examples of non-permitted vehicles:

Station Wagon models.

“Sports” car/Cabriolet/Convertible models.

Non specified 2 door “Coupe” models.

RWD & 4WD models.

Non-specified “Estate” and or Dual Purpose (Pick-Up) models of vehicle.

Vans/commercial vehicles.

Specific vehicles.

Audi TT.

Austin A40 Farina. A30. A35. Allegro Estate.

Ford Popular/Prefect/Anglia 100e/101e/107e.

Lancia Fulvia Coupe Series II

Morris Minor. Minor 1000.

Riley/Wolseley vehicles.

Triumph - TR7 / Herald / Vitesse models.

Smart Car /Forfour/Roadster (All Models).

Subaru – Justy (4WD).

Fiat - Panda (4WD).

Fiat X19

Jeep

Land Rover, Range Rover, Discovery, Defender, Freelander

Shogun

Vauxhall Tigra.

Note.

If a competitor has any doubt as to the eligibility and or suitability of a proposed vehicle for autograss racing a NASA Scrutineer must be contacted **before** commencing a build of such vehicle to enable permission for use to be given or declined.

VEHICLE WIDTH – Restricted.

All vehicles above the width of 2.0 meters whether as original standard production specification and or modified in accordance with class specific rules are prohibited.

VEHICLE WEIGHT

Free.

PROHIBITED ENGINES.

Engines to Class 1, 2, 4 and 5 specifications.

“Motorcycle or Motorbike type” engine.

“Motorcycle hybrid” engine.

“Motorbike/cycle conjoined” engine e.g., “RPE” or “Powertec” or similar V4, V6 or V8.

Any engine fitted with Nitrous Oxide Injection.

Note.

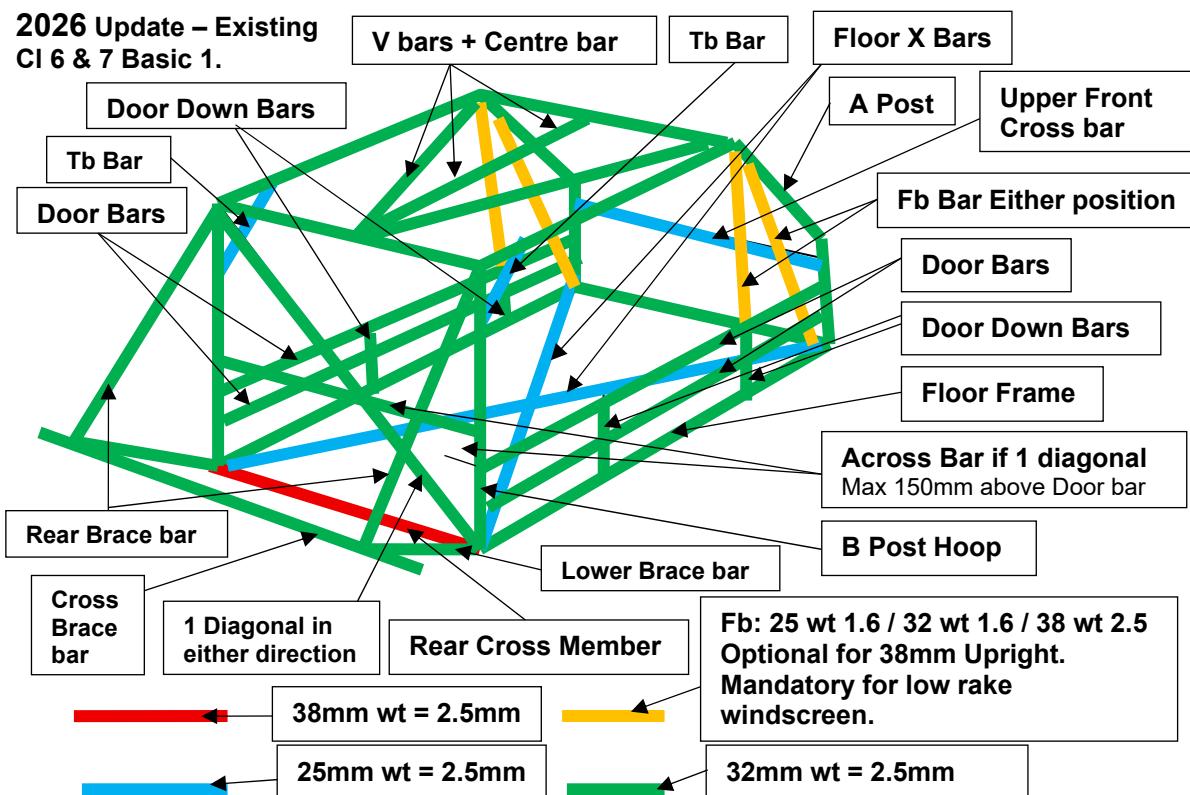
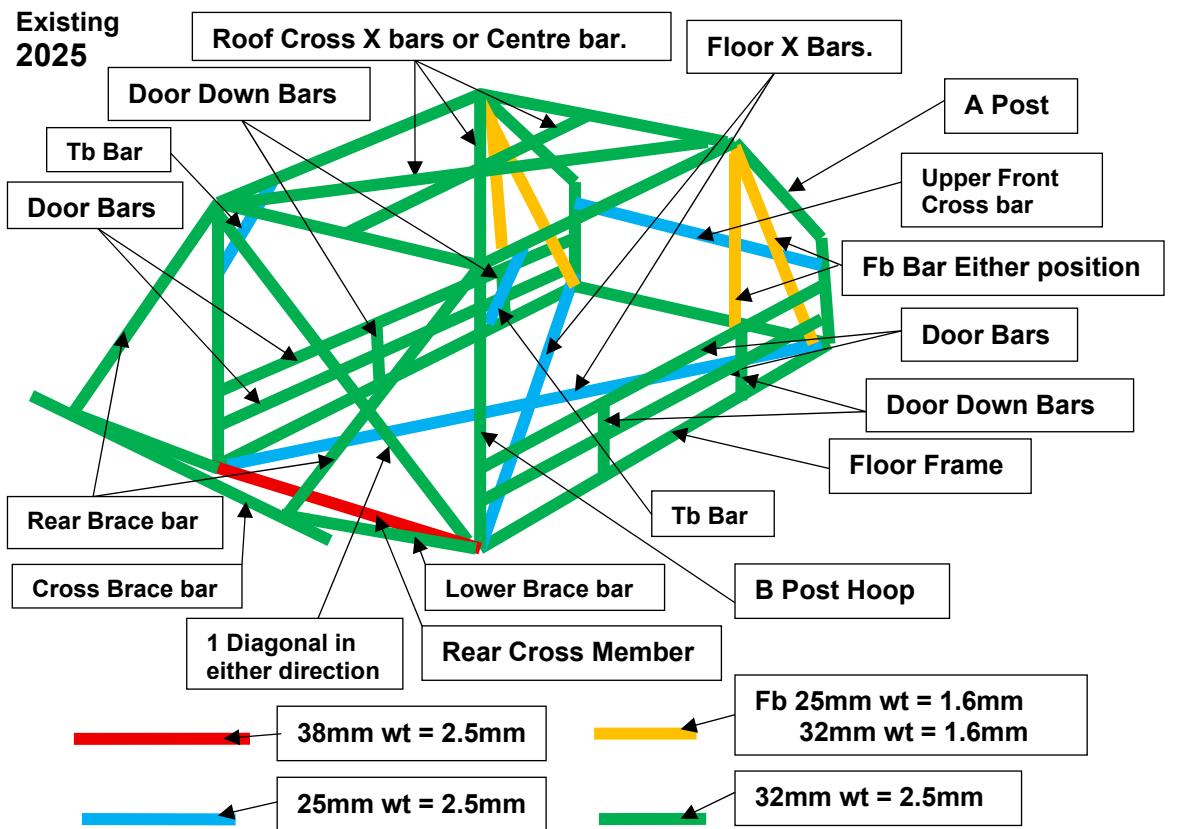
The list of prohibited engines is not fixed.

It is the Competitors and/or race vehicle constructor's responsibility to contact a Scrutineer to confirm that the engine chosen is eligible **before** using it in the vehicle.

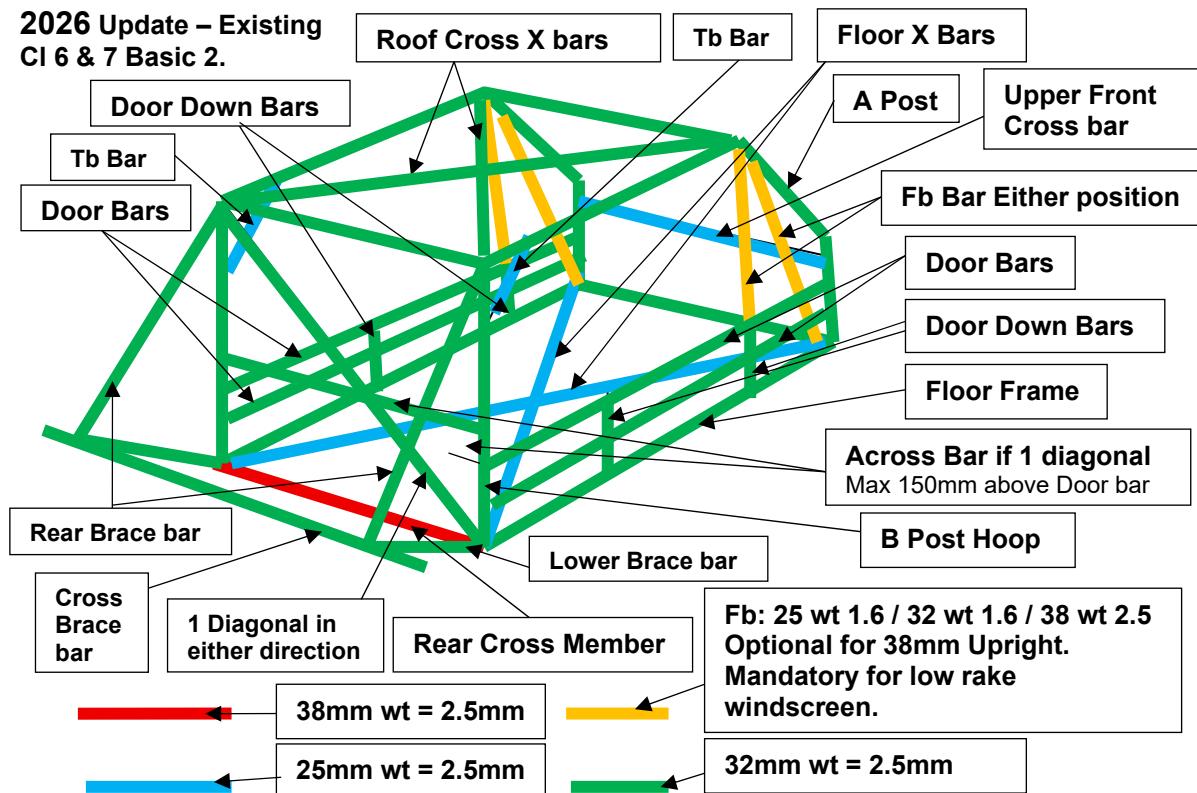
NASA reserves the right via an appointed Official and or Scrutineer to permit, reject and or prohibit an engine as being suitable or unsuitable for Class 6 Autograss racing at any time.

DRAWINGS.**Roll Cage Requirements – 2026 & 2027 onwards – Clarifying Drawings.**

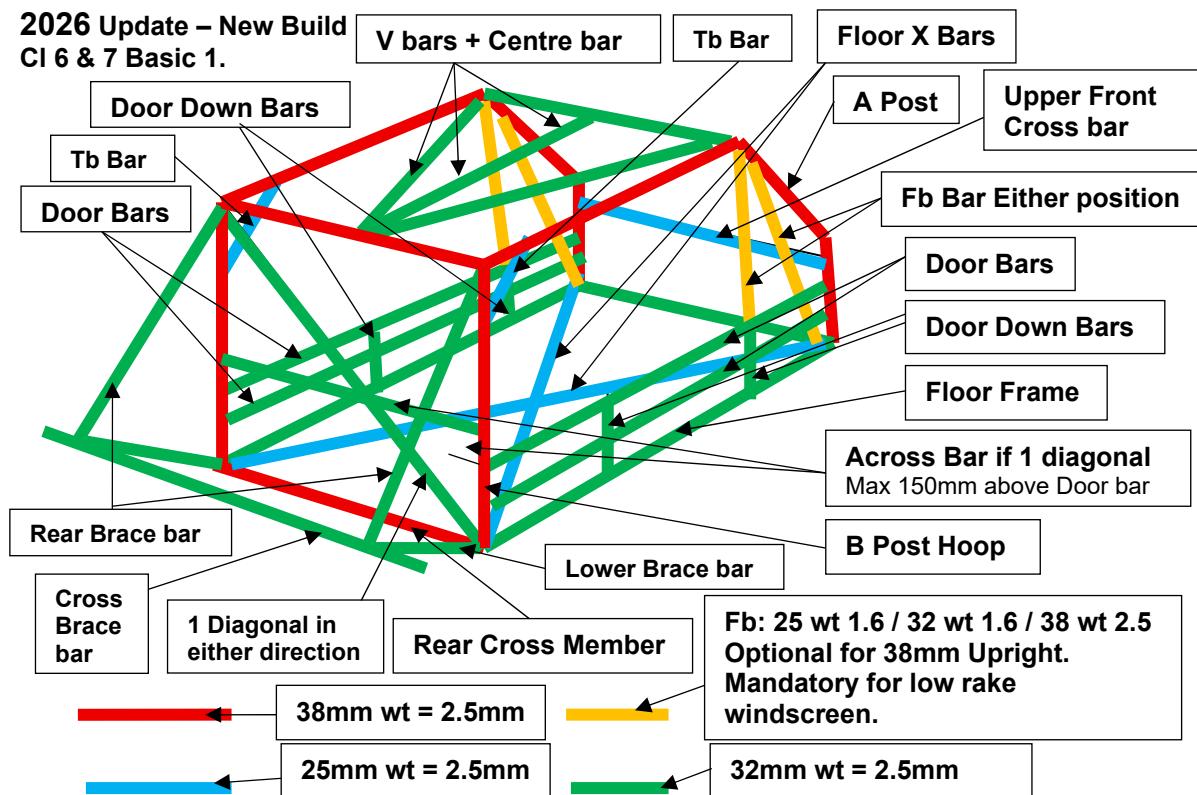
N.B. Requirements change depending upon whether vehicle is: Existing 2025. New Build 2026. New Build 2027 onwards. All Sizes shown = Minimum required. Greater sizes permitted. (wt = Tube Wall Thickness - See Saloons General - Safety Roll Cage Rule 4).

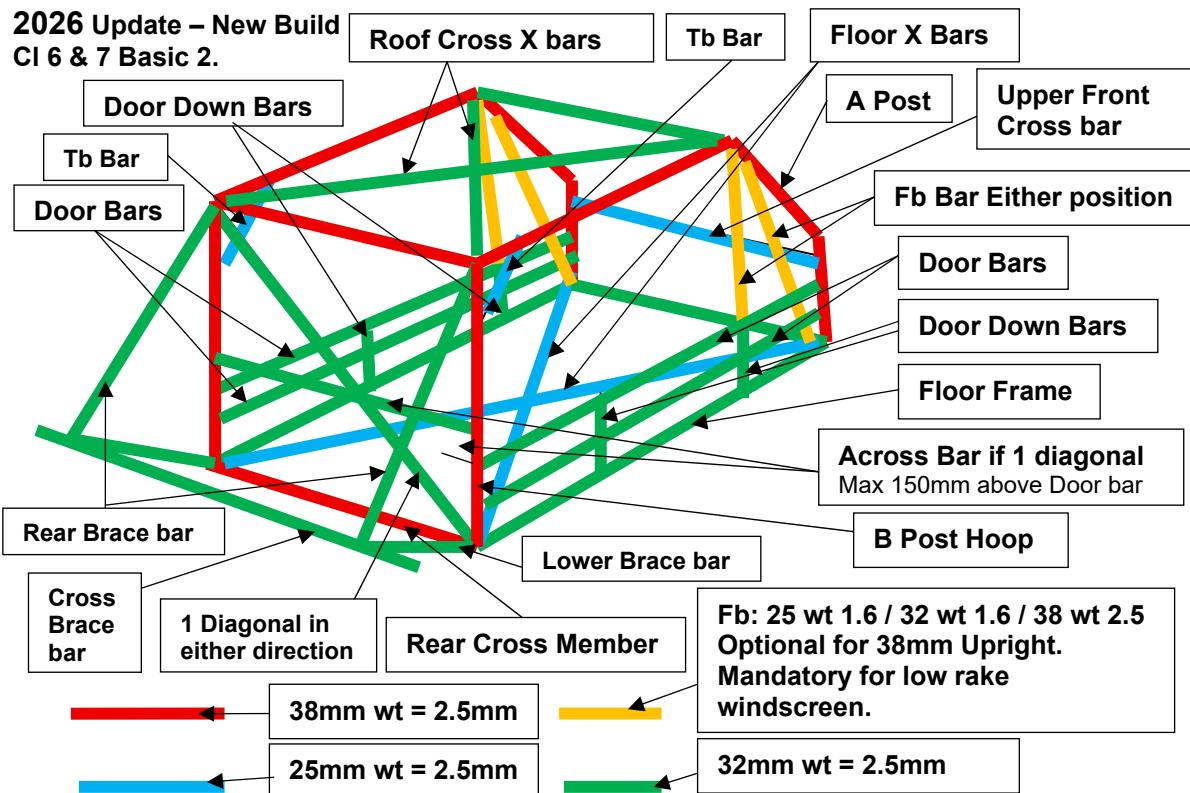


2026 Update – Existing CI 6 & 7 Basic 2.

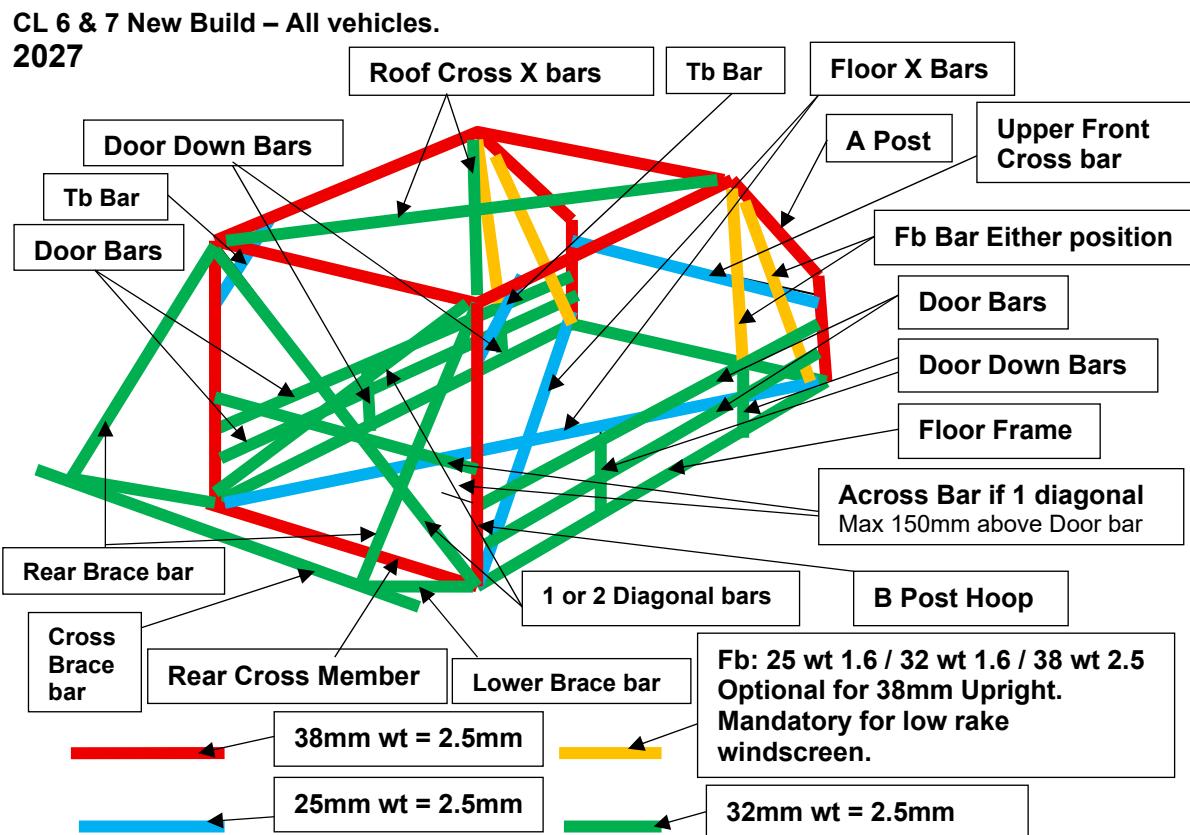


2026 Update – New Build CI 6 & 7 Basic 1.

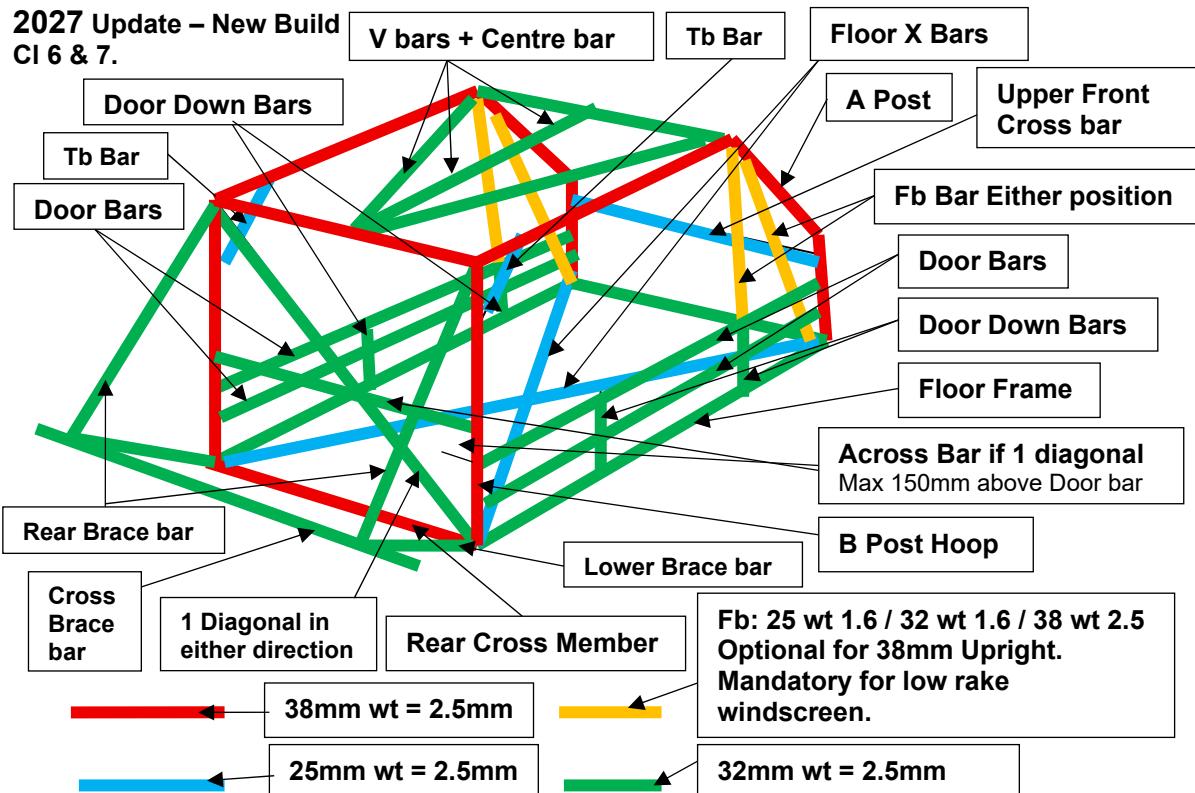




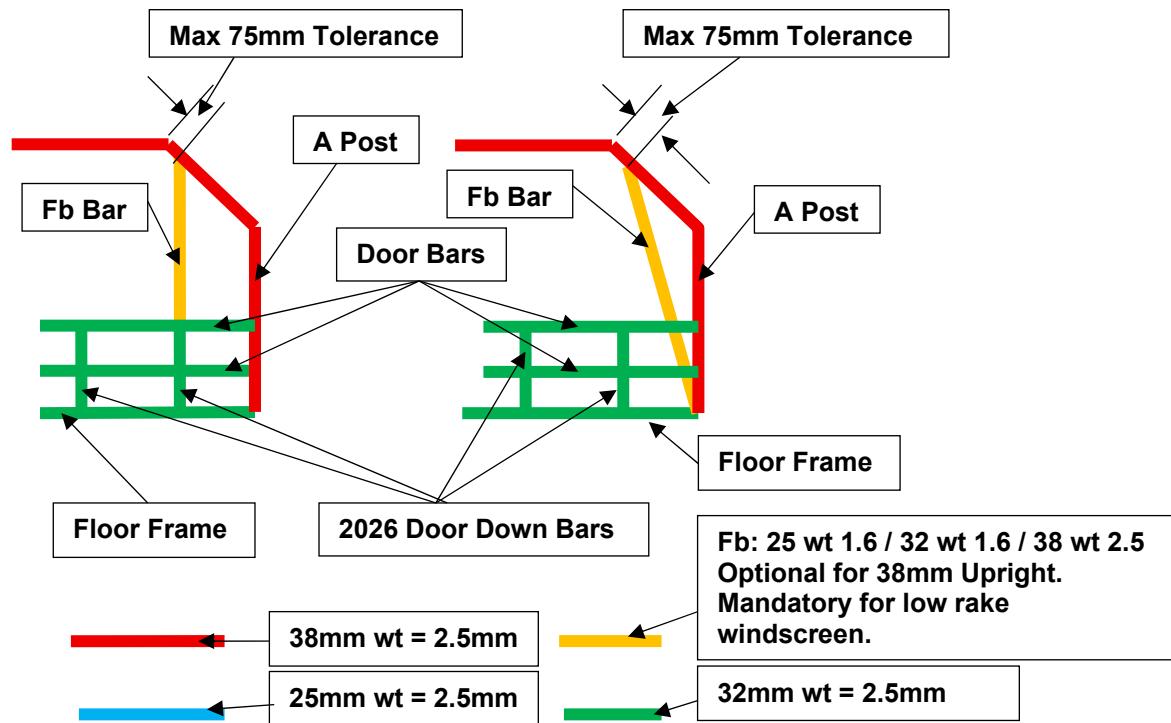
2027 Requirements



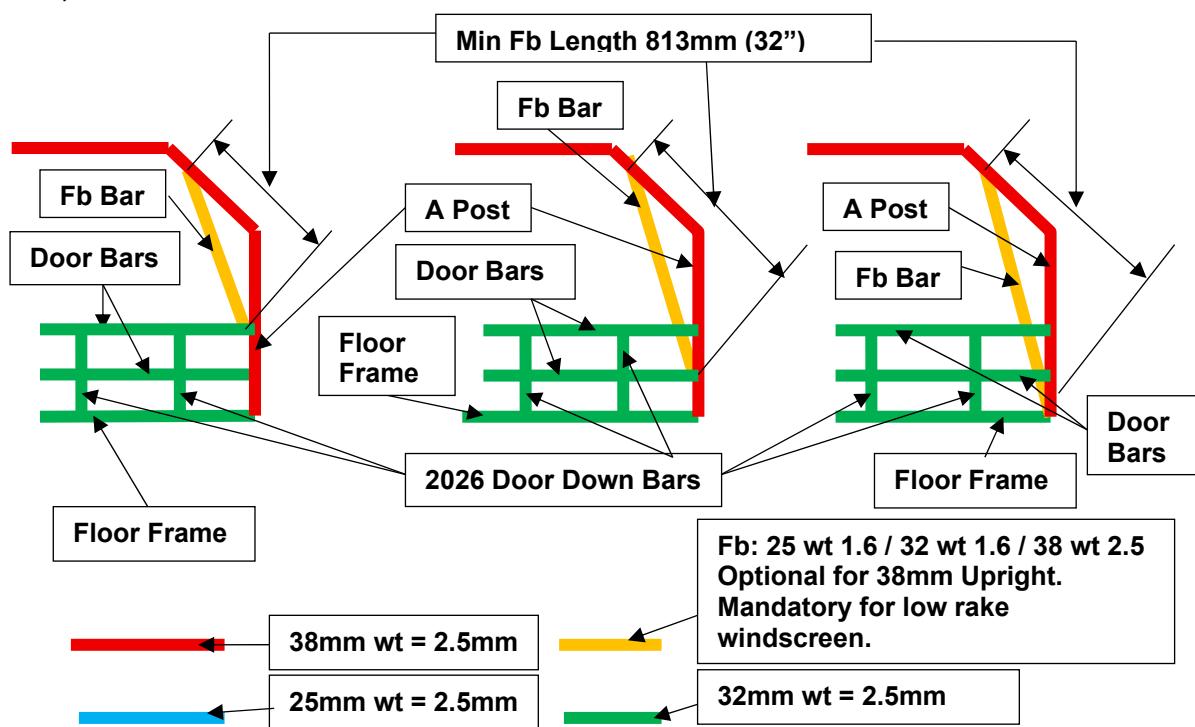
OR



2026 Update – New Build Fb Bar Position Choice 1.
CI 3, 6 & 7.



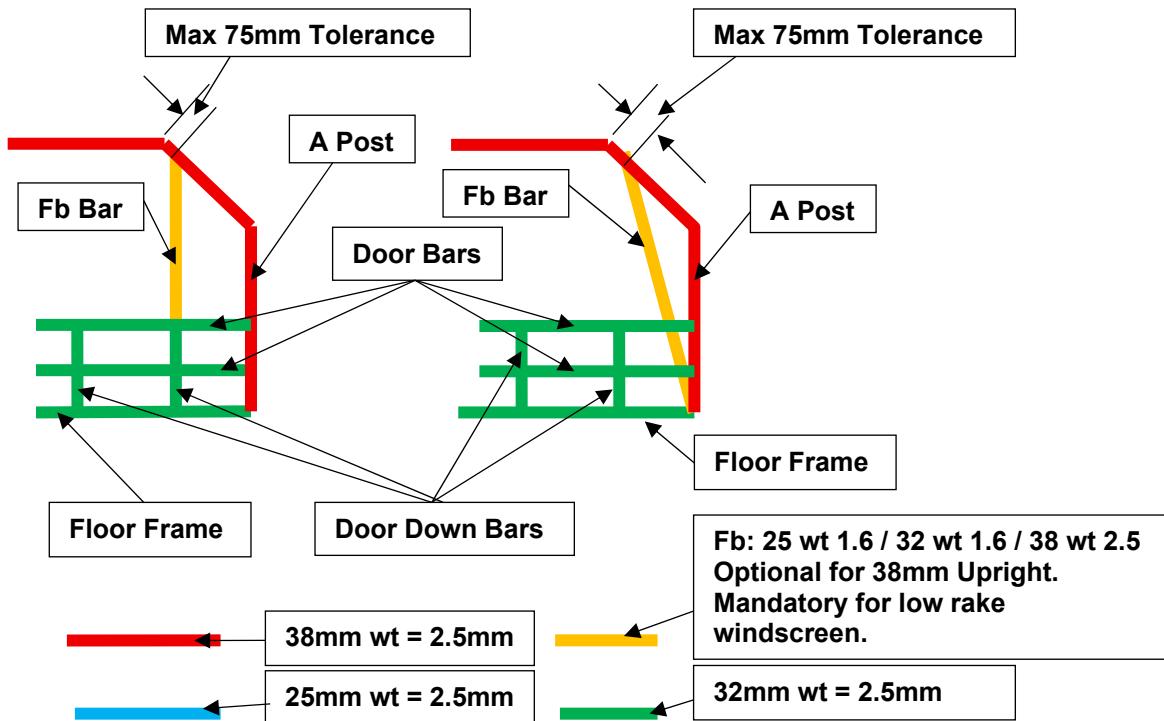
2026 Update – New Build Fb Bar Position Choice 2.
CI 3, 6 & 7.



2027 Update – New Build Fb Bar Location/position.

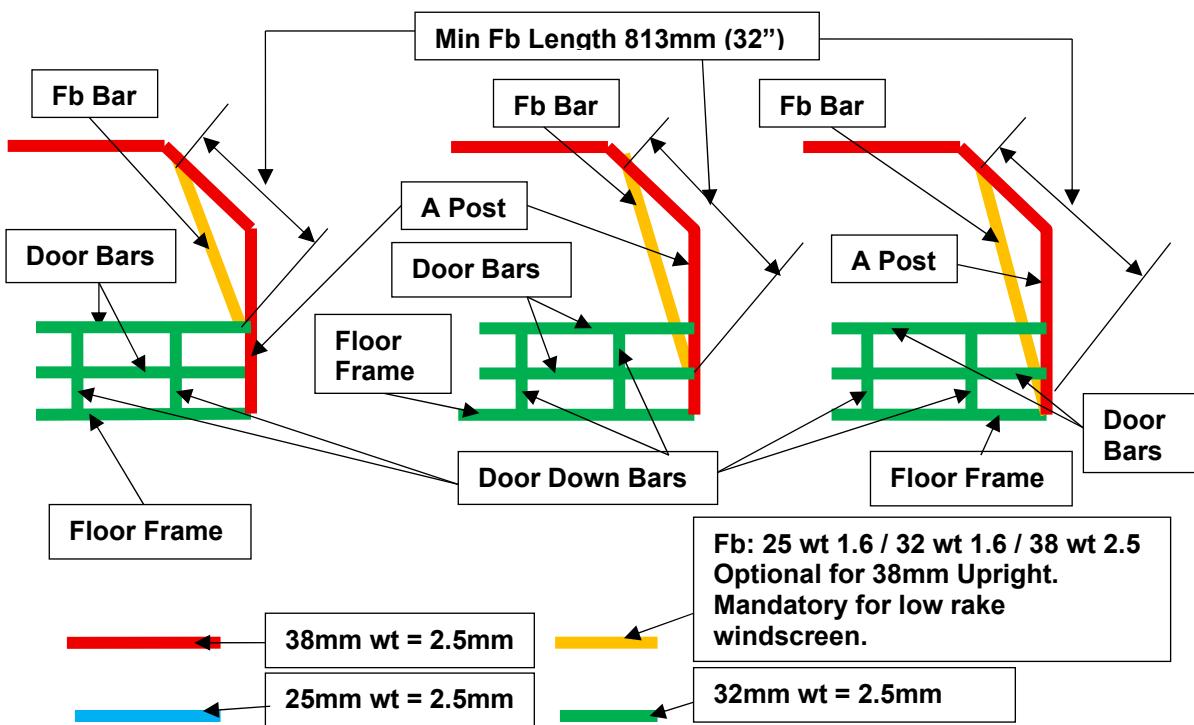
2027 Update – New Build Fb Bar Position Choice 1.

Cl 3, 6 & 7.



2027 Update – New Build Fb Bar Position Choice 2.

Cl 3, 6 & 7.



FIGURES.

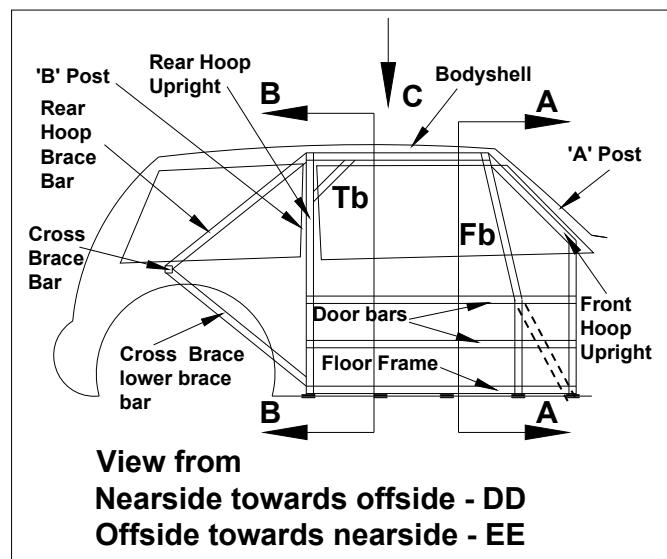
Figure 1a.i, 1a(ii), & 1b(i), 1b(ii), 1b(iii). - Roll Cage - Original Floor Intact.
As Saloons Section 1. Figs 1a, 1b, 1c, 1d, 1e.

Figure 1c i. Roll Cage - Original Floor not Intact – Side Elevation.

All Bars - Minimum sizes and specified wall thickness as – Saloons General – Roll Cage Rule 4.

Bar Tb is mandatory.

Bar Fb is mandatory for certain specified vehicles – see Saloons General & 2026 Roll Cage updates..

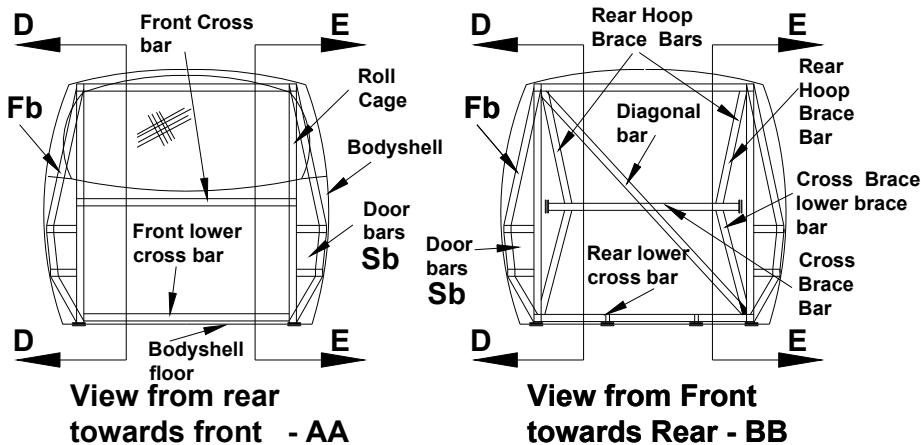


**ORIGINAL VEHICLE FLOOR NOT INTACT
(PART REMOVED AND OR HAS HAD
REPAIRS AND OR REPLACED WITH STEEL
SHEET).**

Gij

Figure 1c ii. Roll Cage - Original Floor not Intact Front & Rear View.

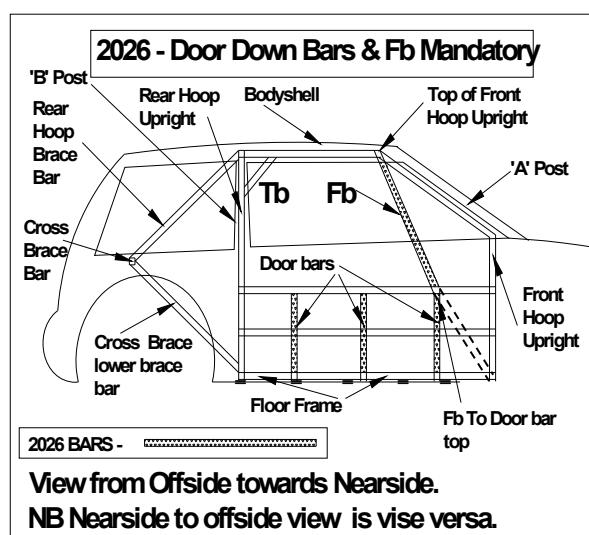
All Bars - Minimum sizes and specified wall thickness as – Saloons General – Roll Cage Rule 4.



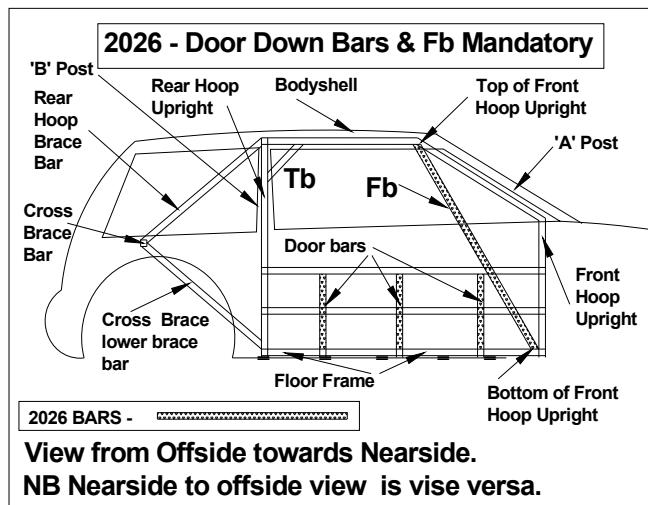
**ORIGINAL VEHICLE FLOOR NOT INTACT
(PART REMOVED AND OR HAS HAD REPAIRS
AND OR REPLACED WITH STEEL SHEET).**

Gij

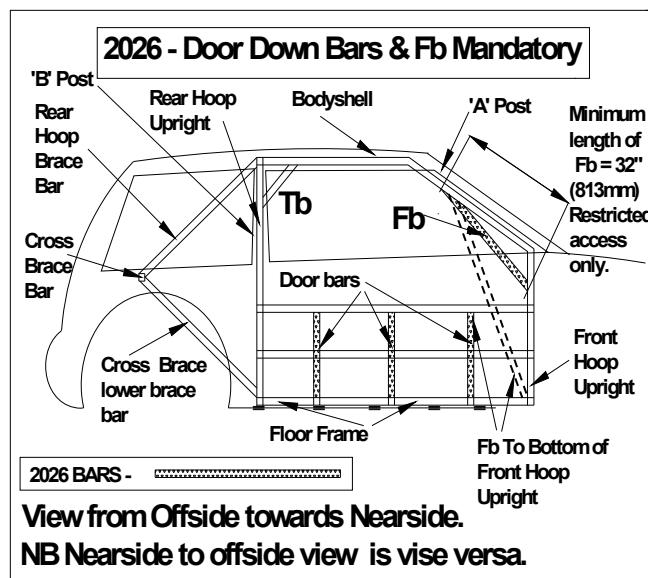
**2026 – New mandatory bars.
Door Down Bars & Fb Bar.**



Or



OR



Note.

Door bars must be adequately/equally spaced.

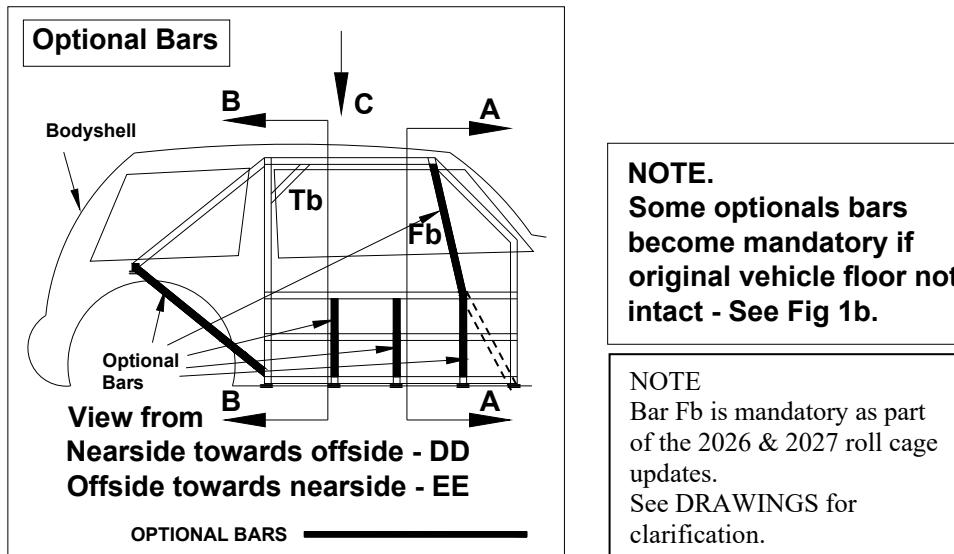
Number of door down bars depends upon horizontal distance between the Front & Rear roll cage hoop uprights

Less than 1.5 meters = 2.

1.5 meters or greater = 3.

Figure 1d Roll Cage - Optional Bars – Side Elevation.

All Bars - Minimum sizes and specified wall thickness as – Saloons General – Roll Cage Rule 4.
 Bar Tb is mandatory.
 Bar Fb is mandatory for certain specified vehicles – see Saloons General & 2026 Roll Cage updates..

*gjj***Figure 1e Roll Cage - Optional Bars – Front & Rear View.**

All Bars - Minimum sizes and specified wall thickness as – Saloons General – Roll Cage Rule 4.

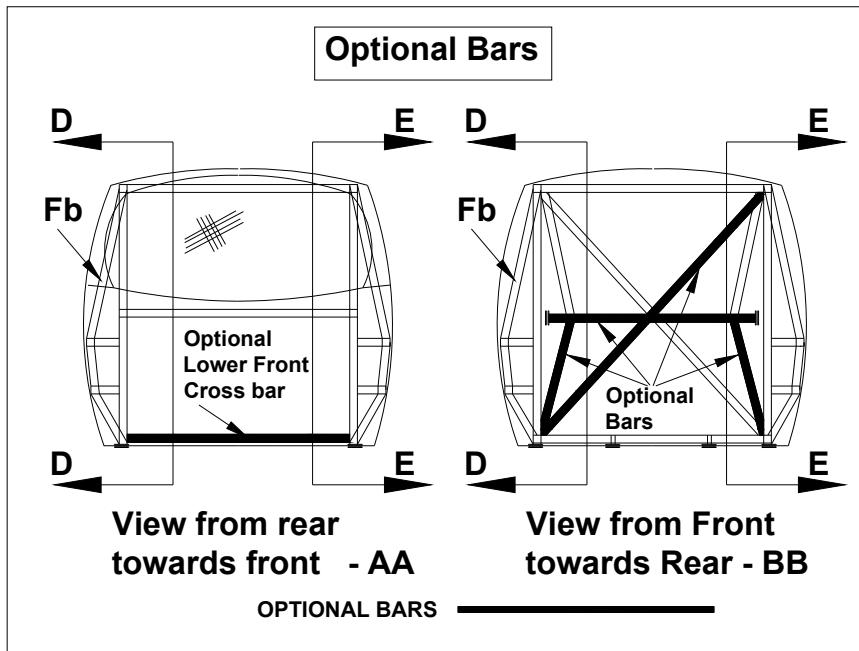
*gjj*

Figure 1f Roll Cage - Optional Bars – Plan View.**All Bars - Minimum sizes and specified wall thickness as – Saloons General – Roll Cage Rule 4.**

Note. For spaceframe rolling chassis vehicles the optional 'X' floor frame bars and lower front cross bar are mandatory.

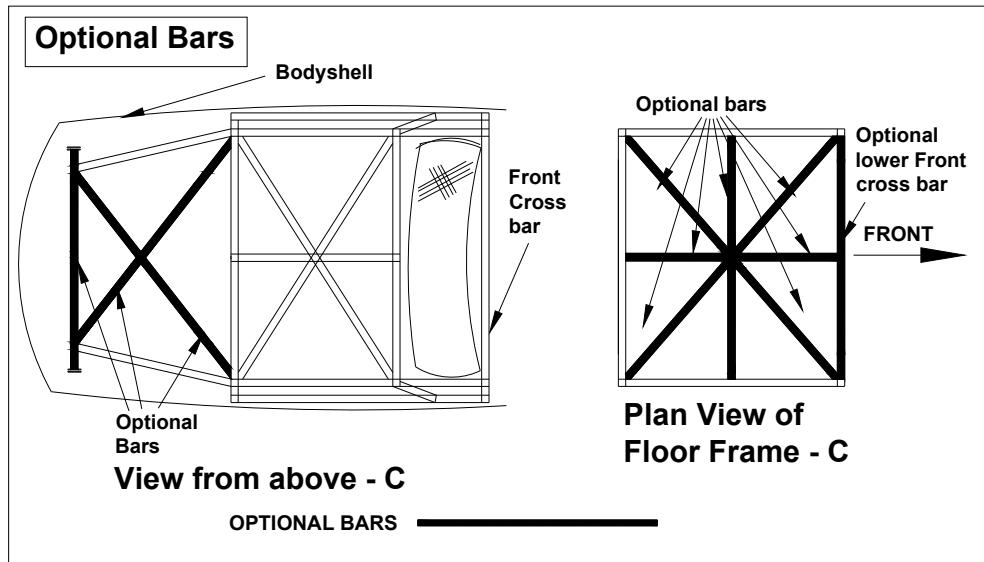
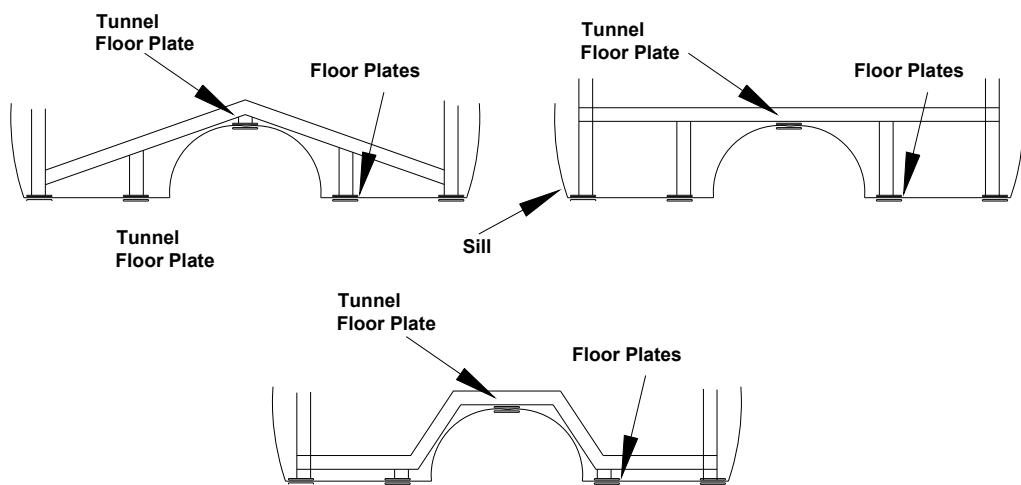
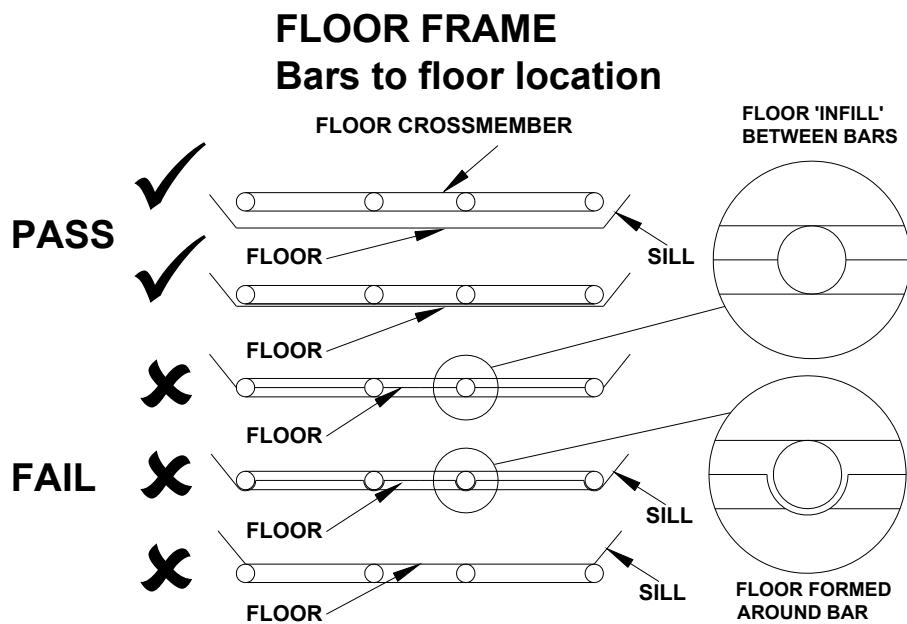
*gij***Figure 1g – Floor Bar – Tunnel Options.****All Bars - Minimum sizes and specified wall thickness as – Saloons General – Roll Cage Rule 4.****Nearside to Offside - Floor bar Tunnel Fitting Options***gjj*

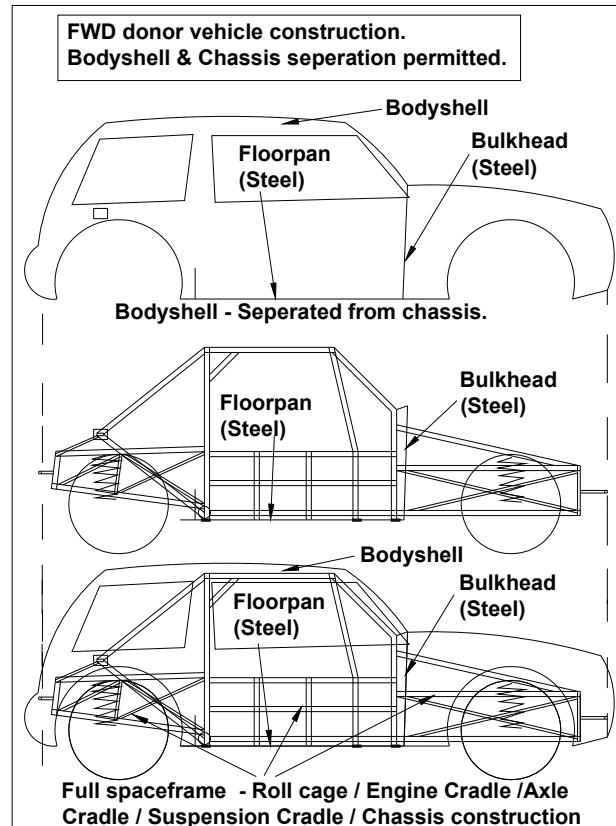
Figure 1h – Floor Frame Location.



Floor crossmember must be above floor.

gg

Figure 1i.



gg

FIGURE 5 INNER FLITCH PANEL REMOVED.

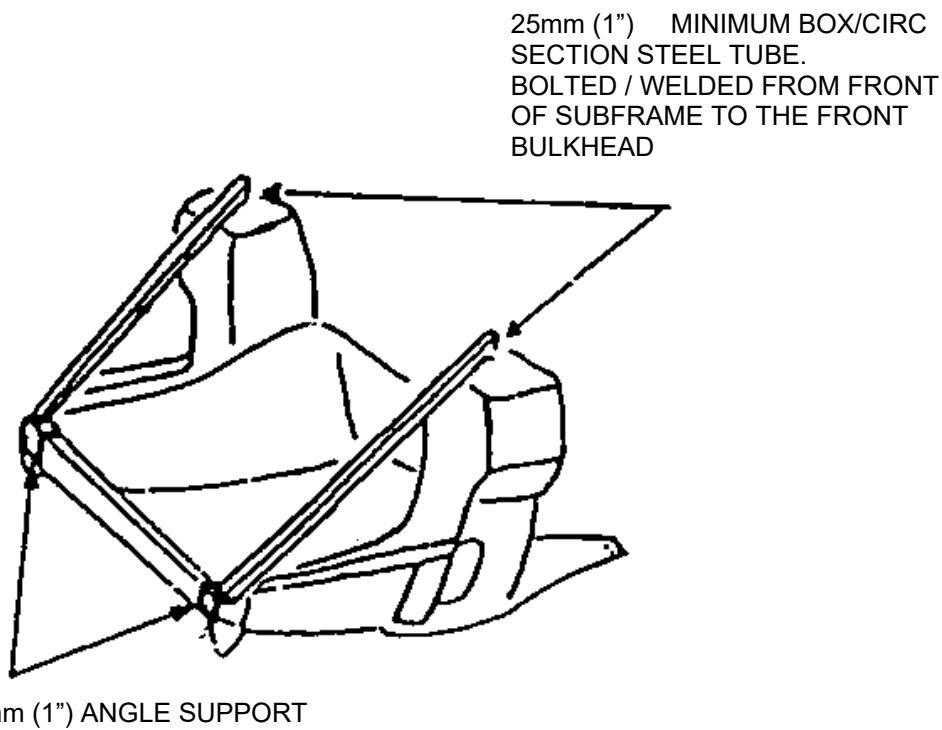
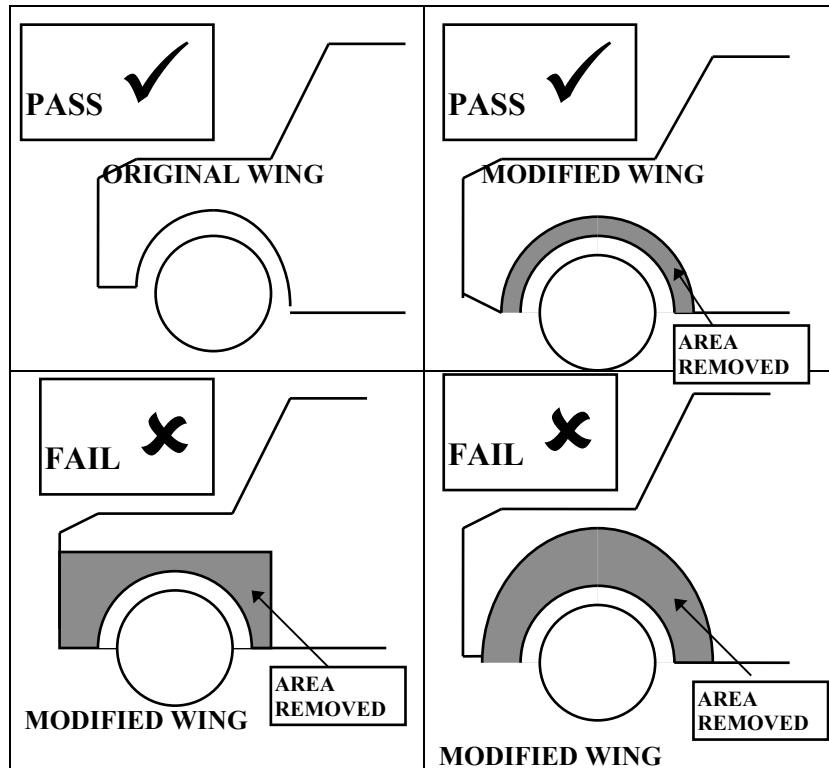
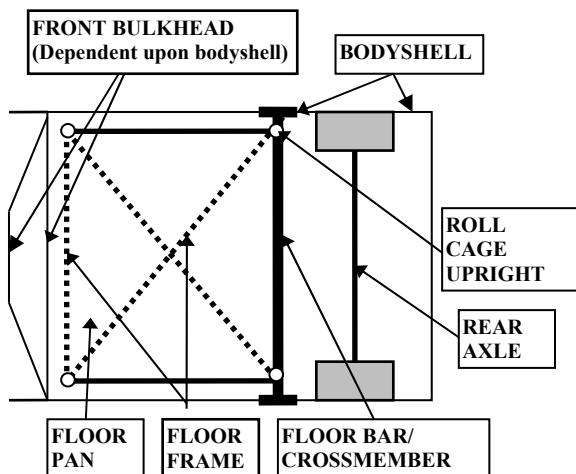


FIGURE 6 VEHICLE WING WHEEL ARCH MODIFICATIONS.



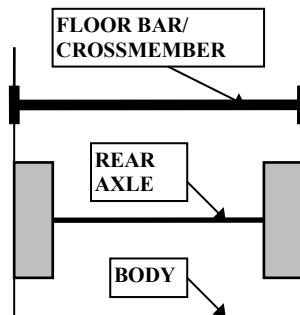
gj

FIGURE 7 FLOOR BARS/FLOOR FRAME.
Figure is diagrammatic.



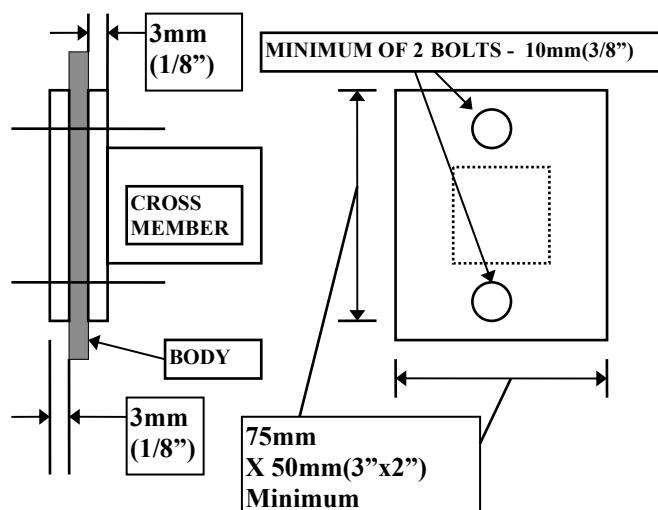
gjj

FIGURE 8 FLOOR CROSS BAR.



gjj

FIGURE 9 CROSS BRACE/MEMBER END PLATES



gjj

FIGURE 10B SEAT BELT HARNESS SUPPORT BAR.

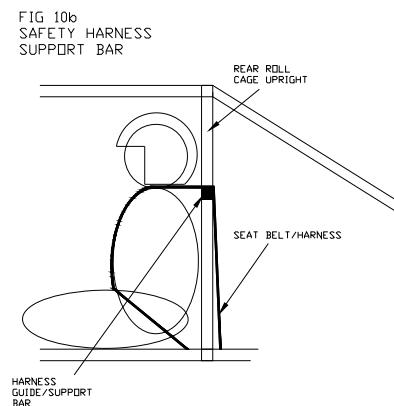
*gj*

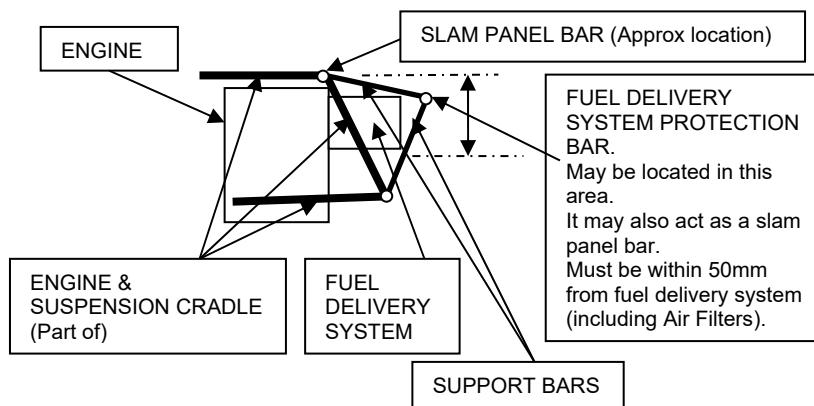
FIGURE14 - FUEL DELIVERY SYSTEM PROTECTION.

N.B.

ALL FUEL DELIVERY PROTECTION & SUPPORT BARS
MAXIMUM SIZE = 25mm circ. or 25mm x 25mm box x 3mm THICKNESS

SIDE ELEVATION

Drawing is diagrammatic only.

*gj*

PLAN ELEVATION

Drawing is diagrammatic only.

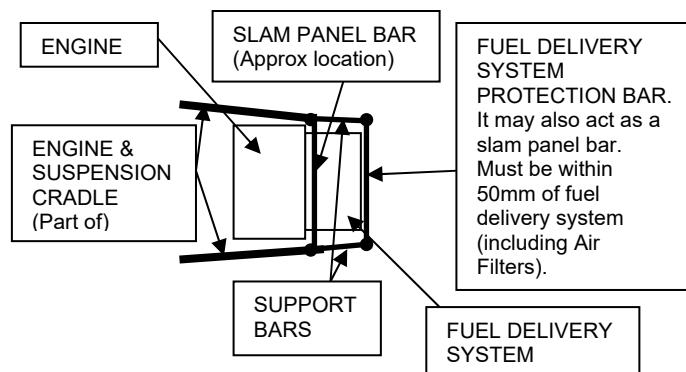
*gj*

FIGURE 15 BEAM AXLE.

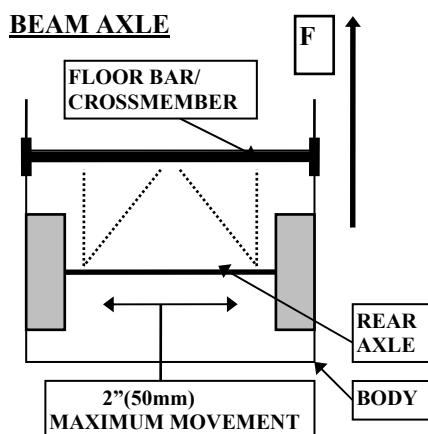
*gjj*

FIGURE 16 TRAILING ARMS.

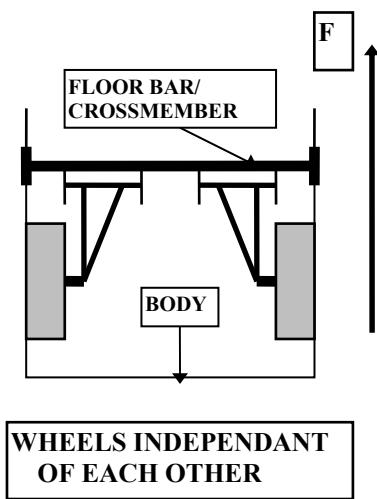
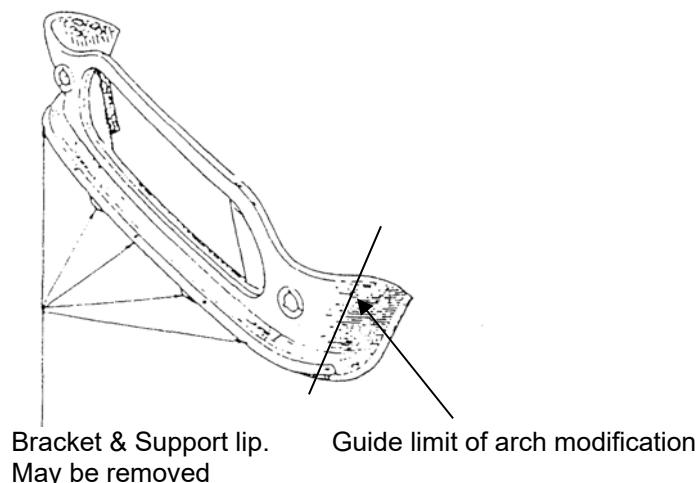
*gjj*FIGURE 17
Mini Front Panel – Wheel Arch Trim Limit.*gjj*

FIGURE 18 REAR PROTECTION BAR.

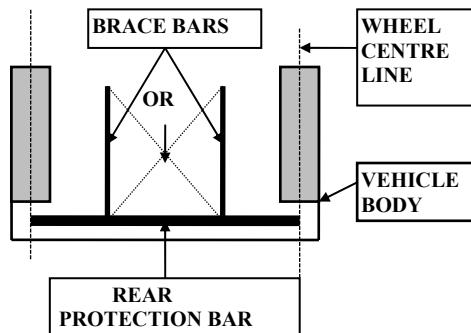
*gjj*

FIGURE 19 REAR SAFETY BAR.

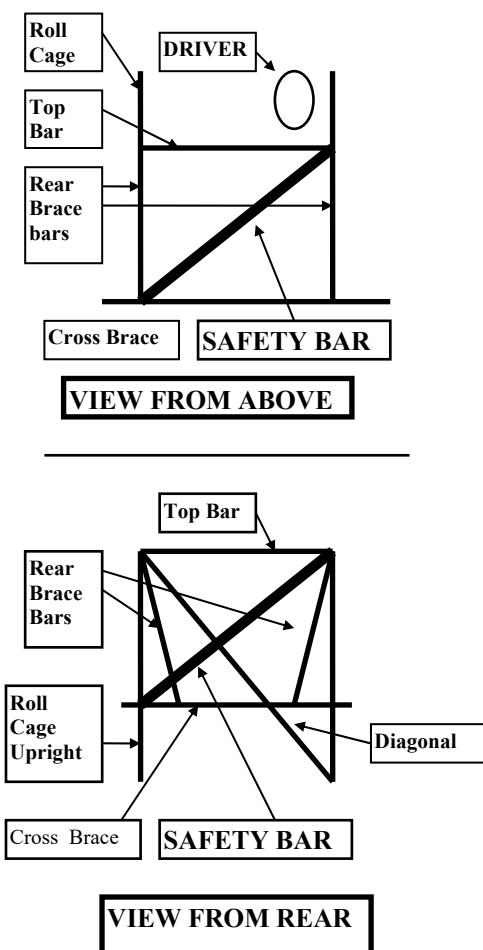
*gjj*

FIGURE 20A

ROLL CAGE: REAR HOOP BRACE BARS ATTACHED TO CROSS BRACE.

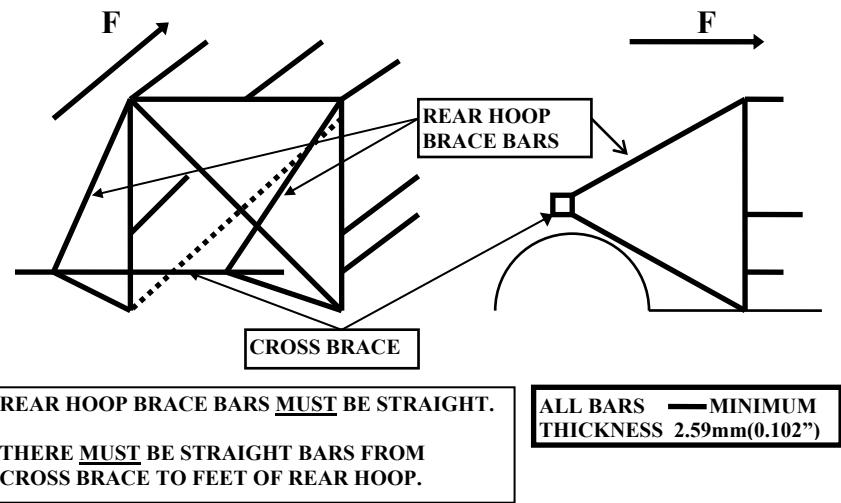
*gg*

FIGURE 20B

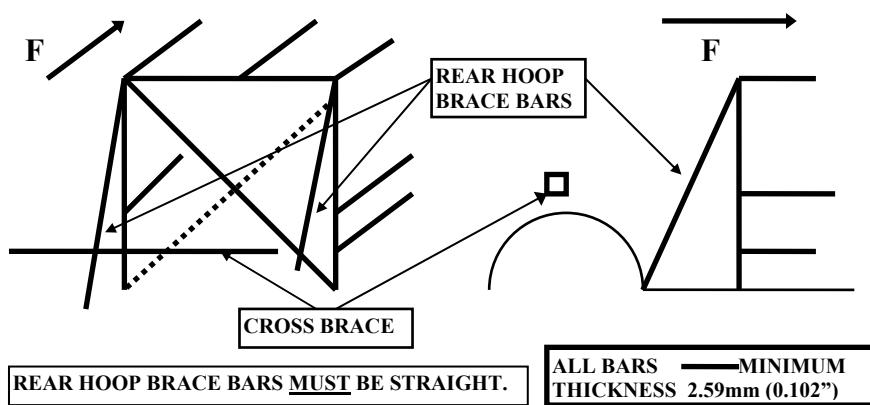
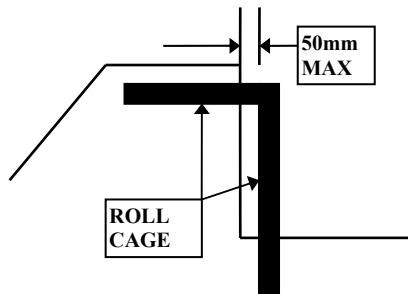
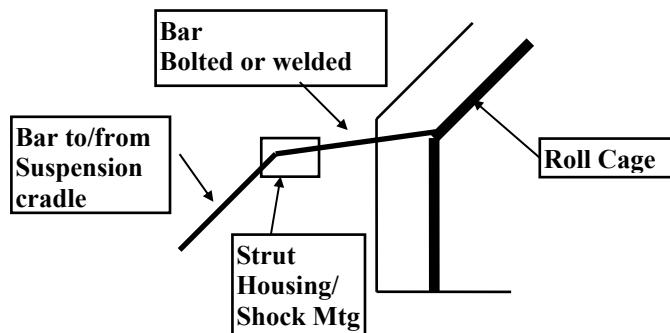
ROLL CAGE:
REAR HOOP BRACE BARS NOT ATTACHED TO CROSS BRACE.*gg*

FIGURE 21 PICK UP VEHICLES REAR ROLL CAGE.
HOOP EXTERNAL TO CAB.



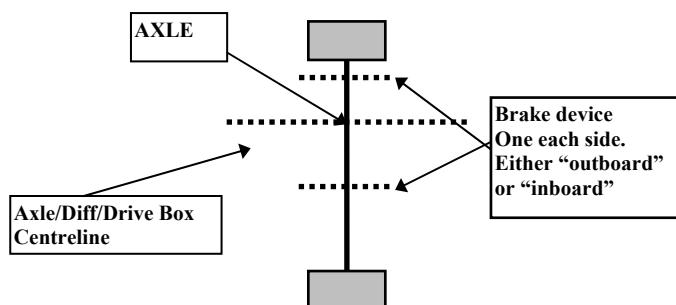
gj

FIGURE 22 PERMITTED FRONT SUSPENSION.
STRUT BRACE BAR MOUNTING.



gj

FIGURE 23 – BRAKES.



gj

FIGURE 24a – ENGINE SEALING – As Fig 12a – Saloons General.

FIGURE 24b – ENGINE SEALING - As Fig 12b – Saloons General.

FIGURE 25 - FRONT SUSPENSION / ENGINE CRADLE.

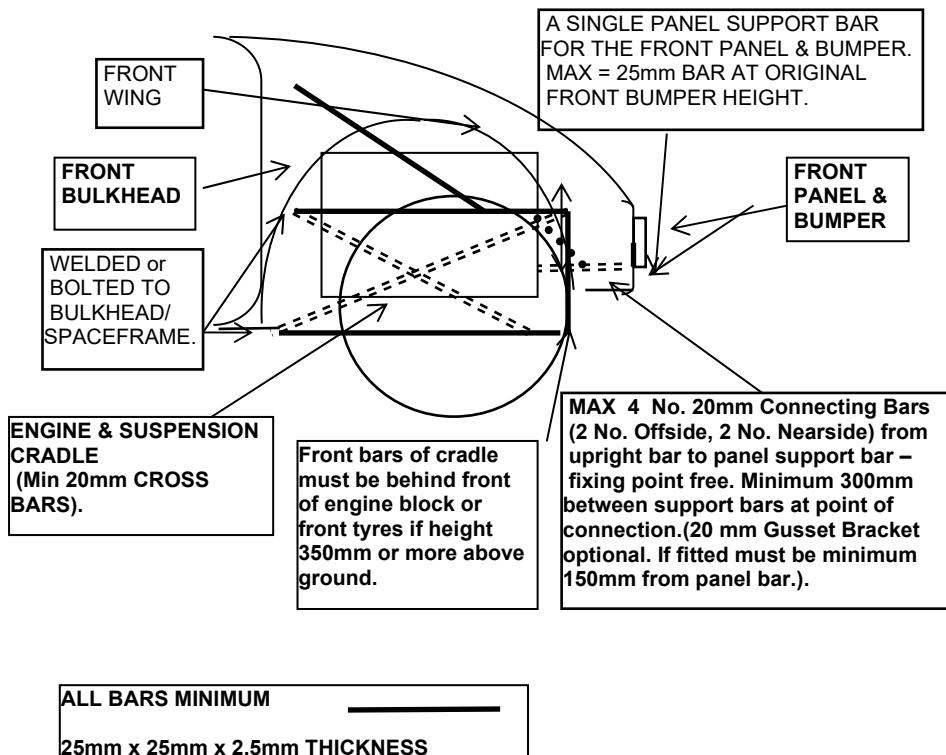


FIGURE 26a

TWIN EXHAUST OUTLETS.

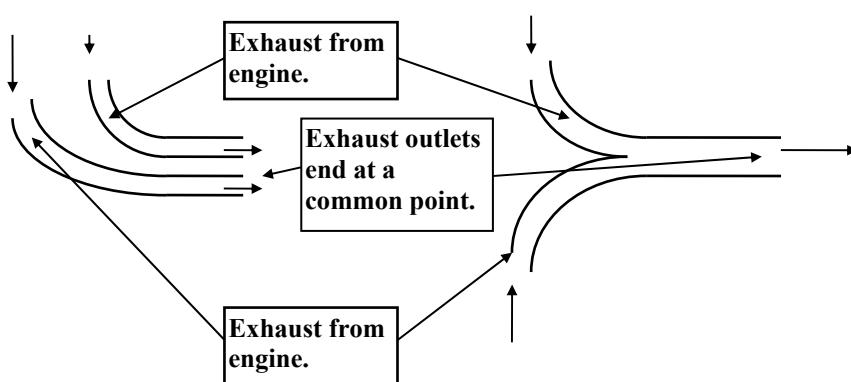
Either AOr Bgg

FIGURE 26b

TWIN EXHAUST OUTLETS

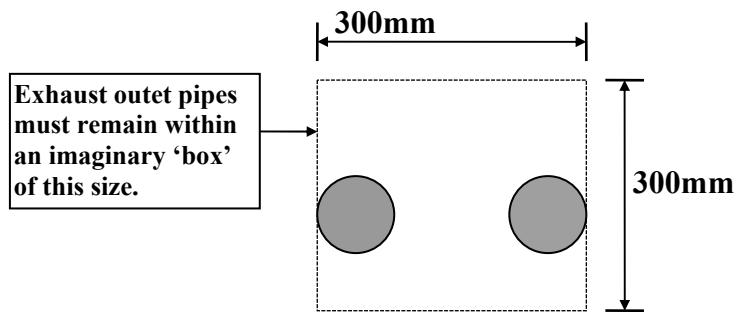
*gj*

FIGURE 28 BALLAST REQUIREMENTS.

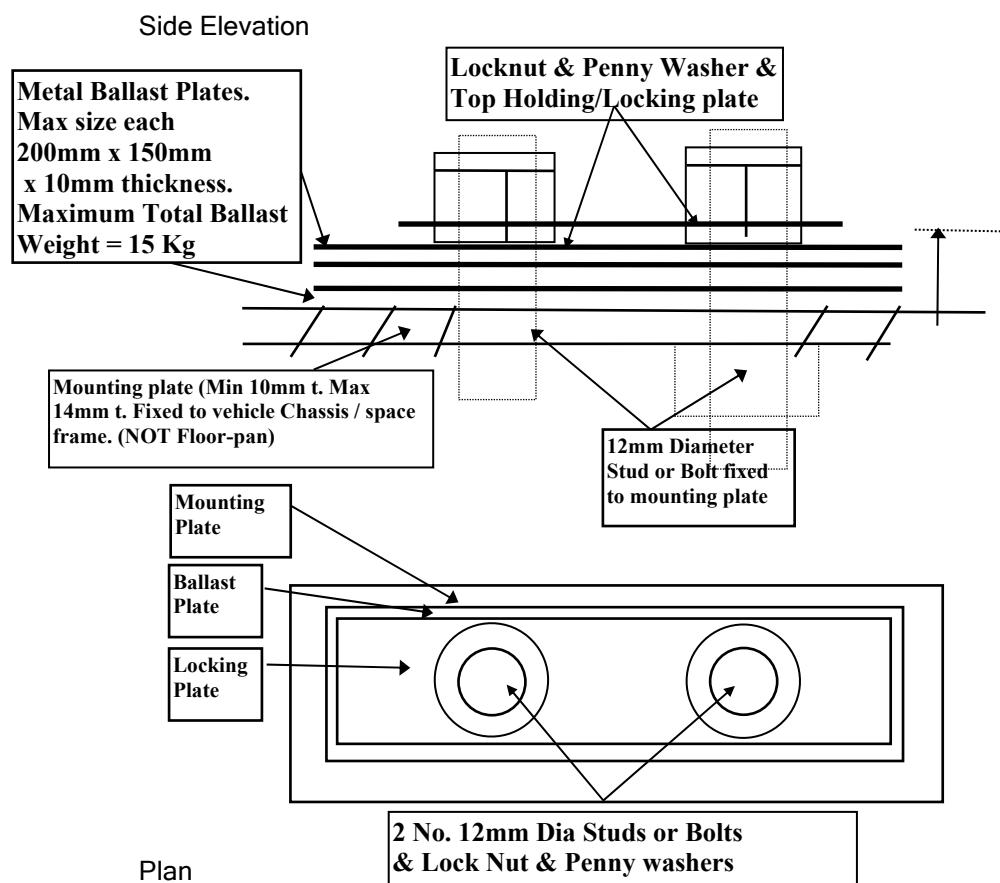
*gj*

FIGURE 29 BULKHEAD REQUIREMENTS.

N.B.

The bulkhead must fit from inside nearside bodyshell to inside offside bodyshell across the vehicle, without any gaps.

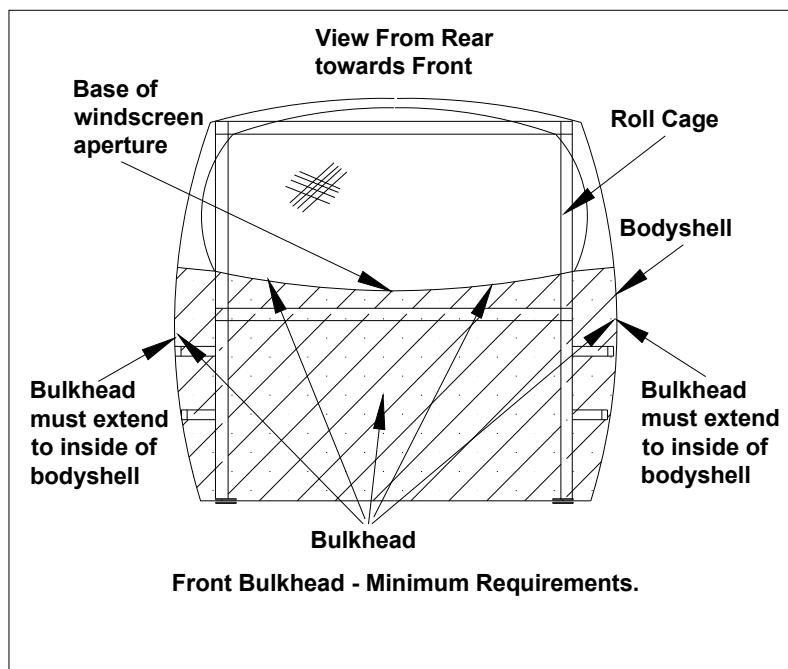
*gjj*

FIGURE 31 REAR BUMPER (Automotive Plastic types only).

The trim limit datum applies at all times.

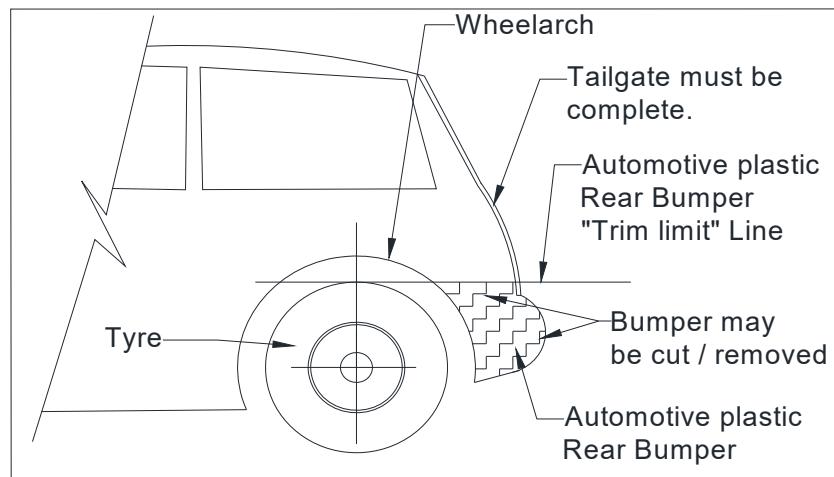
*gjj*

Figure 32 Front Bulkhead /Engine & radiator / Suspension cradle Location.

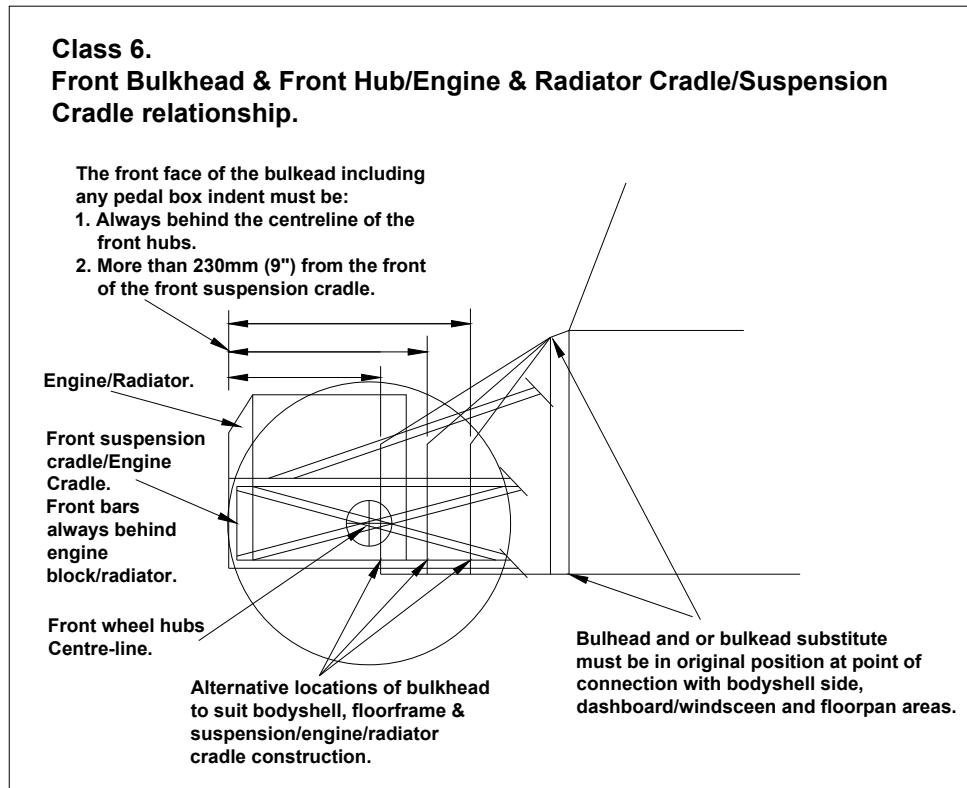
*Gj*

Figure 33 Control pedal Location.

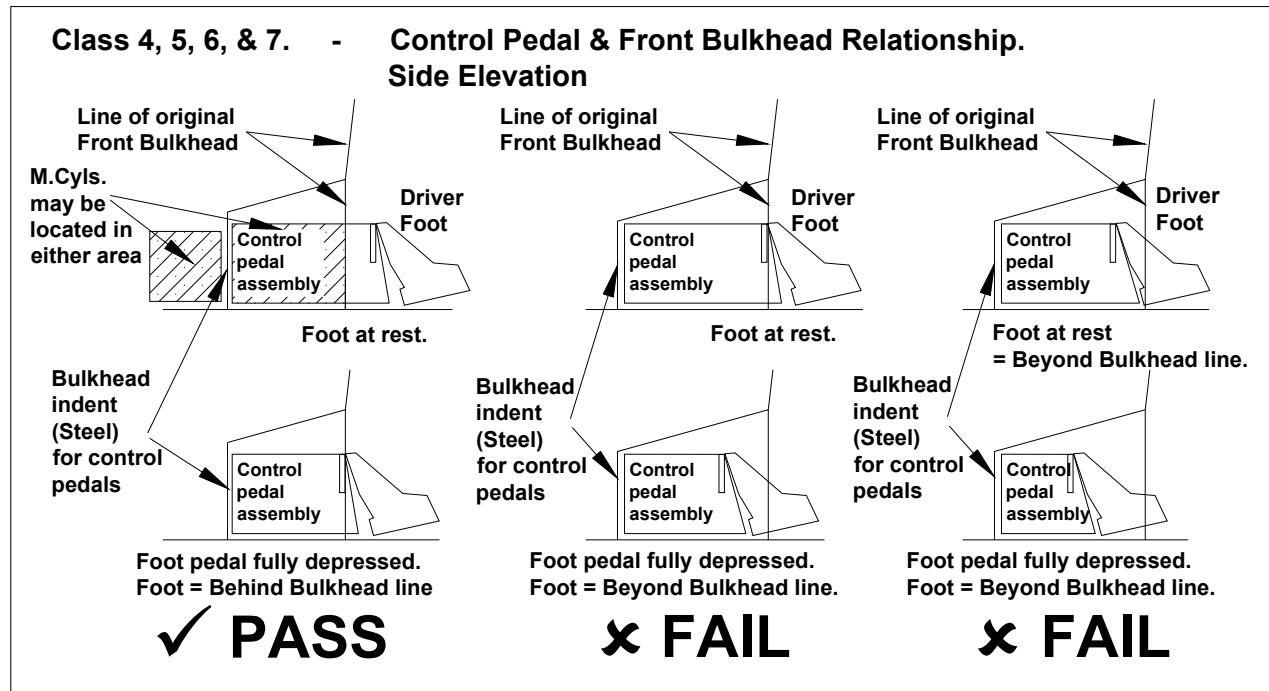
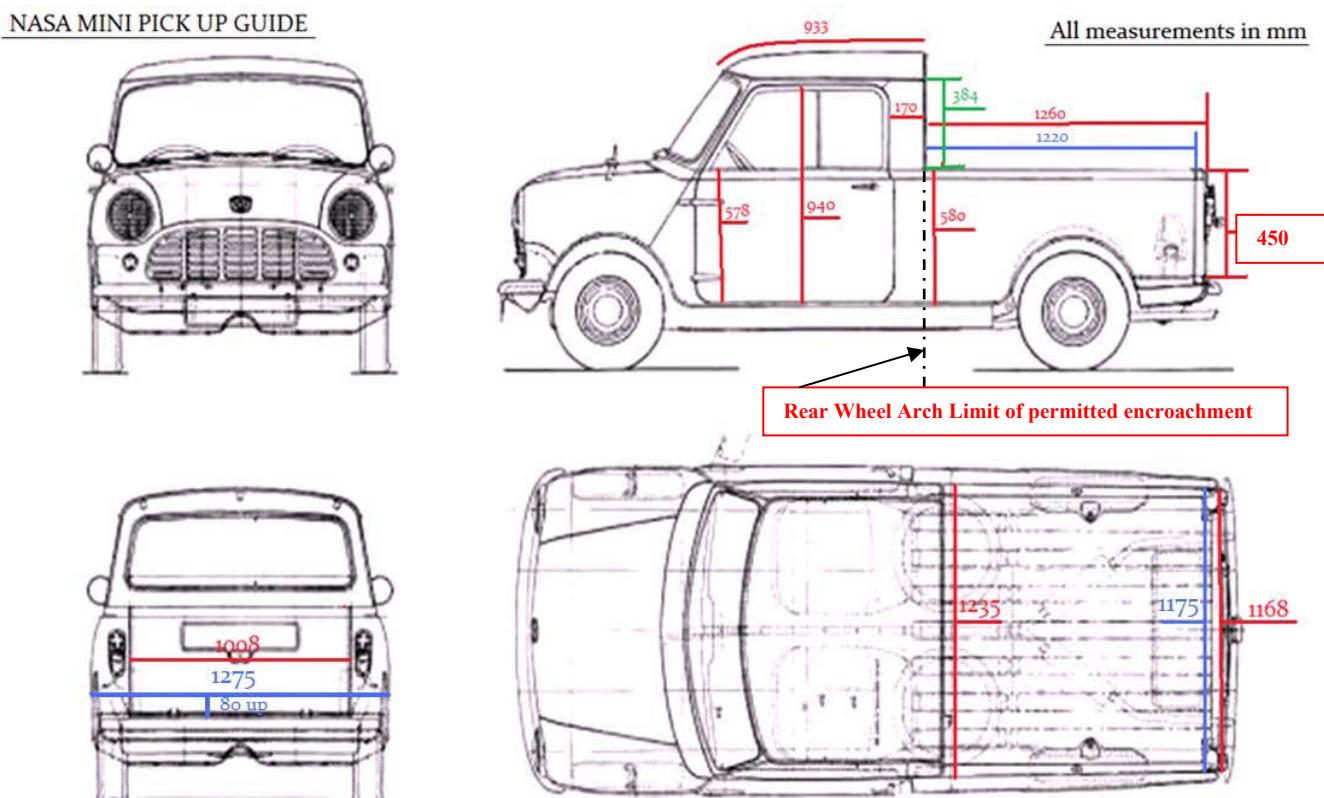
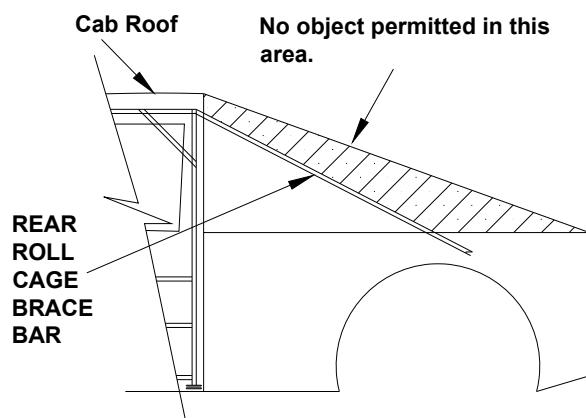
*Gj*

Figure 35 NASA PICK UP GUIDE



Pick-Up vehicle
Class 4, 5, 6. - Front Engine Requirements



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for use by Autograss cars taking part in
Autograss events as defined by the
NATIONAL AUTOGRASS SPORT
ASSOCIATION
on a natural surface and are not necessarily
considered safe for other forms of motor sport.**

**Drivers are advised that if they intend using their
cars at events, other than events as defined by the
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ASSOCIATION
They should ensure that their cars comply with
the organiser's construction rules.**

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